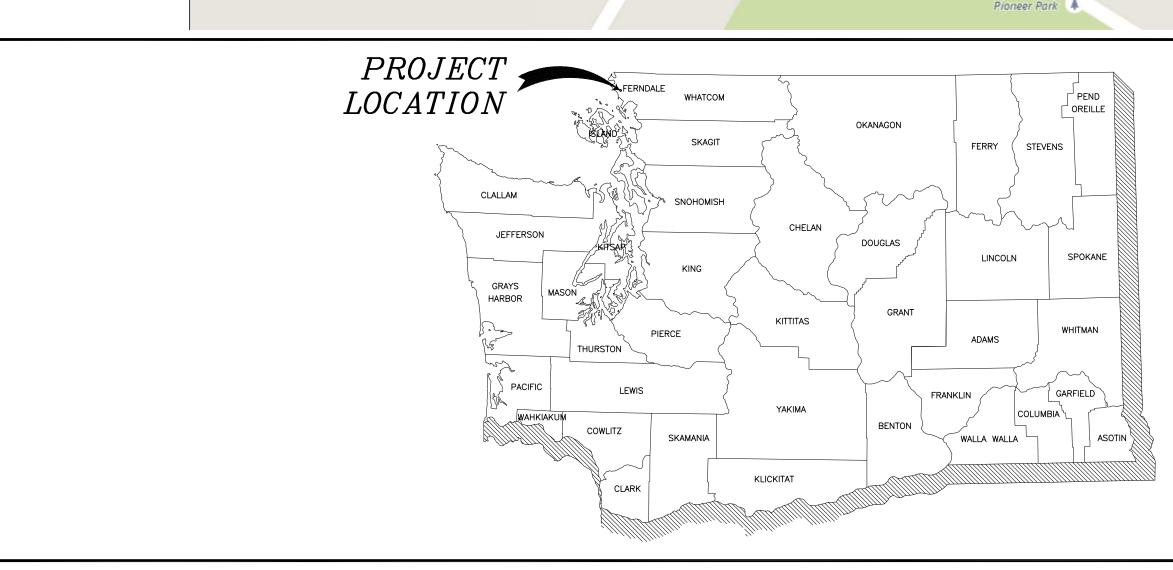
CHERRY STREET, FIRST TO THIRD AVENUE SIDEWALK PROJECT FERNDALE, WASHINGTON CITY OF FERNDALE - PROJECT NO. ST2015-09 (SCHEDULE A AND SCHEDULE B) TIB PROJECT NO. 3-W-985(001)-1

VICINITY MAP

PROJECT LOCATED IN SECTION 29, TOWNSHIP 39N, RANGE 2E, W.M.





SHEET	DESCRIPTION
1	COVER
2	LEGEND AND ABBREVIATIONS
3	PROJECT SCHEDULES
4	EX COND, DEMO, TESC - 3RD AVE
5	EX COND, DEMO, TESC - CHERRY STREET
6	TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
7	PLAN 3RD AVE
8	PLAN CHERRY STREET
9	RESTORATION PLAN 3RD AVE
10	RESTORATION PLAN CHERRY STREET
11	GRADING PLAN STA 1+50 TO 4+00
12	GRADING PLAN STA 4+00 TO 8+50
13	GRADING PLAN STA 8+50 TO 13+50
14	DETAILS TESC
15	DETAILS ROAD
16	DETAILS STORM 1
17	DETAILS STORM 2



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D. DATE DESCRIPTION BY

CITY OF FERNDALE 2095 MAIN STREET FERNDALE, WA 98248 CHERRY STREET
FIRST TO THIRD AVENUE SIDEWALK PROJECT
SCHEDULE A AND B
COVER

= EXISTING RR TRACKS

PROPOSED --- TB --- TB --- = PROPOSED TOP OF BANK ---- = PROPOSED GRADE BREAK — 95 — PROPOSED MAJOR CONTOUR 95 = PROPOSED MINOR CONTOUR □ □ □ □ □ = PROPOSED GUARDRAIL ---- = PROPOSED GRAVEL = PROPOSED WALL = PROPOSED BUILDING —— — — — — = PROPOSED PAVEMENT VALLEY = PROPOSED RIGHT OF WAY — = PROPOSED AUTOTURN · ---- = PROPOSED CONSTRUCTION EASEMENT —— = PROPOSED ROAD € ---- = PROPOSED SAWCUT = PROPOSED TRAFFIC STRIPE —— = PROPOSED ROAD EDGE OF PAVEMENT = PROPOSED CURB AND GUTTER = PROPOSED PATH = PROPOSED SIDEWALK · PROPOSED ROCK WALL = PROPOSED PARKING STRIPE TS ---- = PROPOSED TRAFFIC SIGNAL CONDUCTOR — = PROPOSED FIBER OPTICS = PROPOSED SILT FENCE = PROPOSED CONDUIT - PROPOSED HANDRAIL = PROPOSED IRRIGATION LINE - = PROPOSED WATER MAIN = PROPOSED SANITARY SEWER FORCE MAIN — = PROPOSED SANITARY SEWER > = PROPOSED CULVERT = PROPOSED TREE LINE = PROPOSED CONC. SIDEWALK/DRIVEWAY = PROPOSED INFILTRATION TRENCH = PROPOSED INFILTRATION FILTER MEDIA = PROPOSED GRIND = PROPOSED DEMOLITION AREA = PROPOSED ASPHALT = PROPOSED RIGHT OF WAY TAKE

= EXISTING SIGNAL POLE = EXISTING SIGNAL POLE W/ LUMINARE = EXISTING STREET LIGHT ASSEMBLY = EXISTING YARD LIGHT = EXISTING GUY WIRE = EXISTING GAS METER = EXISTING GAS VALVE = EXISTING TRANSFORMER PAD = EXISTING POWER VAULT = EXISTING JBOX = EXISTING SOIL BORING LOCATION = EXISTING MAIL BOX = EXISTING WATER SPIGOT = EXISTING WATER BLOW OFF = EXISTING WATER METER = EXISTING WATER VALVE = EXISTING FIRE HYDRANT = EXISTING TRAFFIC SIGNAL VAULT = EXISTING SEWER MANHOLE = EXISTING STORM DRAIN CATCH BASIN TYPE I = EXISTING STORM DRAIN CATCH BASIN TYPE II = EXISTING UTILITY POLE = EXISTING MONITORING WELL = EXISTING STORM CLEANOUT = EXISTING SEWER CLEANOUT = EXISTING SIGN = EXISTING TELEPHONE PEDESTAL = EXISTING COMMUNICATIONS VAULT = EXISTING BENCH MARK = EXISTING NAIL AND SHINER = EXISTING IRON PIPE = EXISTING MONUMENT (IN CASE) = EXISTING MONUMENT (SURFACE) = EXISTING ANGLE POINT = EXISTING TREE STUMP = EXISTING TREE = EXISTING VEGETATION

EXISTING

PROPOSED

= PROPOSED STORM DRAIN INLET = PROPOSED COUPLER

= PROPOSED WATER METER = PROPOSED WATER VALVE = PROPOSED STORM DRAIN CATCH BASIN TYPE II

= PROPOSED SANITARY SEWER MANHOLE = PROPOSED STORM DRAIN CATCH BASIN TYPE I

= PROPOSED HYDRANT = PROPOSED UTILITY POLE = PROPOSED JBOX (TYPE I, II, III) = PROPOSED MONITORING WELL = PROP STORM CLEANOUT

= PROPOSED SANITARY SEWER CLEAN OUT = PROPOSED SIGN = FLOW ARROW = PROPOSED TREE

= SECTION MARK

ABBREVIATIONS

Ø	= DIAMETER	EVCE	= END VERTICAL CURVE ELEVATION	MIN	= MINIMUM	RT	= RIGHT
AC	= ASBESTOS CEMENT	EVCS	= END VERTICAL CURVE STATION	MOD	= MODIFIED	S	= SOUTH
AD	= ALGEBRAIC DIFFERENCE	EX, EXIST	= EXISTING	MON	= MONUMENT	SCH	= SCHEDULE
ASPH	= ASPHALT	IR	= EXISTING IRRIGATION	MPOC	= MID-POINT ON CURVE	SD	= STORM DRAIN
BLDG	= BUILDING	F&C	= FRAME AND COVER	MTR	= METER	SDCB	= STORM DRAIN CATCH BASIN
BVCE	= BEGIN VERTICAL CURVE ELEVATION	F&G	= FRAME AND GRATE	MW	= MONITORING WELL	SDMH	= STORM DRAIN MANHOLE
BVCS	= BEGIN VERTICAL CURVE STATION	FF	= FINISHED FLOOR	N	= NORTH	SE	= SOUTHEAST
C&G	= CURB & GUTTER	FG	= FINISHED GRADE	NE	= NORTHEAST	SN	= EXISTING SIGN
CATV	= CABLE TELEVISION	FL	= FLOW LINE	NW	= NORTHWEST	SP	= STANDARD PLAN
CDF	= CONTROLLED DENSITY FILL	FT	= FEET	oc	= ON CENTER	SSMH	= SANITARY SEWER MANHOLE
Q	= CLASS, CENTERLINE	FT/FT	= FEET PER FOOT	PVMNT	= PAVEMENT	STA	= STATION
СМР	= CORRUGATED METAL PIPE	FTR	= FRONTIER	PC	= POINT OF CURVATURE	STD	= STANDARD
CMU	= CONCRETE MASONRY UNIT	GALV	= GALVANIZED	PCC	= POINT OF COMPOUND CURVATURE,	SW	= SOUTHWEST
CNG	= CASCADE NATURAL GAS	GRVL	= GRAVEL		PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE	TEL	= TELEPHONE
COMP	= COMPACTED	GV	= GATE VALVE	PED	= PEDESTAL	TL	= TRAFFIC LOOP
CON	= CONIFER	HDPE	= HIGH DENSITY POLYETHYLENE	POC	= POINT ON CURVE	TYP	= TYPICAL
CONC	= CONCRETE	HMA	= HOT MIX ASPHALT	POSS	= POSSIBLE	UP	= UTILITY POLE
CONT	= CONTOUR	HP	= HIGH POINT	PRC	= POINT OF REVERSE CURVE	UTIL	= UTILITY
PSSP	= CORRUGATED POLYETHYLENE	HYD	= HYDRANT	PROP	= PROPOSED	VC	= VERTICAL CURVE
	STORM SEWER PIPE	IE, INV	= INVERT ELEVATION	PSE	= PUGENT SOUND ENERGY	VLT	= VAULT
CULV	= CULVERT	ĬW	= INJECTION WELL	PT	= POINT OF TANGENCY	VPC	= VERTICAL POINT OF CURVATURE
D/W	= DRIVEWAY	L	= LENGTH	PVC	= POLYVINYL CHLORIDE	VPI	= VERTICAL POINT OF INTERSECTION
DB	= DIRECT BURY	LDCS	= LANDSCAPING	PVI	= POINT OF VERTICAL INTERSECTION	VPT	= VERTICAL POINT OF TANGENCY
DEC	= DECIDUOUS	LF	= LINEAR FEET	PWR	= POWER	W	= WEST
DI	= DUCTILE IRON	LOC	= LOCATION	R	= RADIUS	WM	= WATER METER
E	= EAST	LP	= LOW POINT	R&C	= RING AND COVER	WSDOT	= WASHINGTON STATE DEPARTMENT
OP. EP	= EDGE OF PAVEMENT	LT	= LEFT	RET	= RETAINING		OF TRANSPORTATION
EQUIV	= EQUIVALENT	MAX	= MAXIMUM	ROW	= RIGHT OF WAY	XEOA	= EXISTING EDGE OF ASPHALT



of 17

BID SET

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DESCRIPTION

CITY OF FERNDALE 2095 MAIN STREET FERNDALE, WA 98248

CHERRY STREET FIRST TO THIRD AVENUE SIDEWALK PROJECT SCHEDULE A AND B

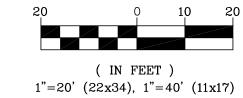
LEGEND AND ABBREVIATIONS

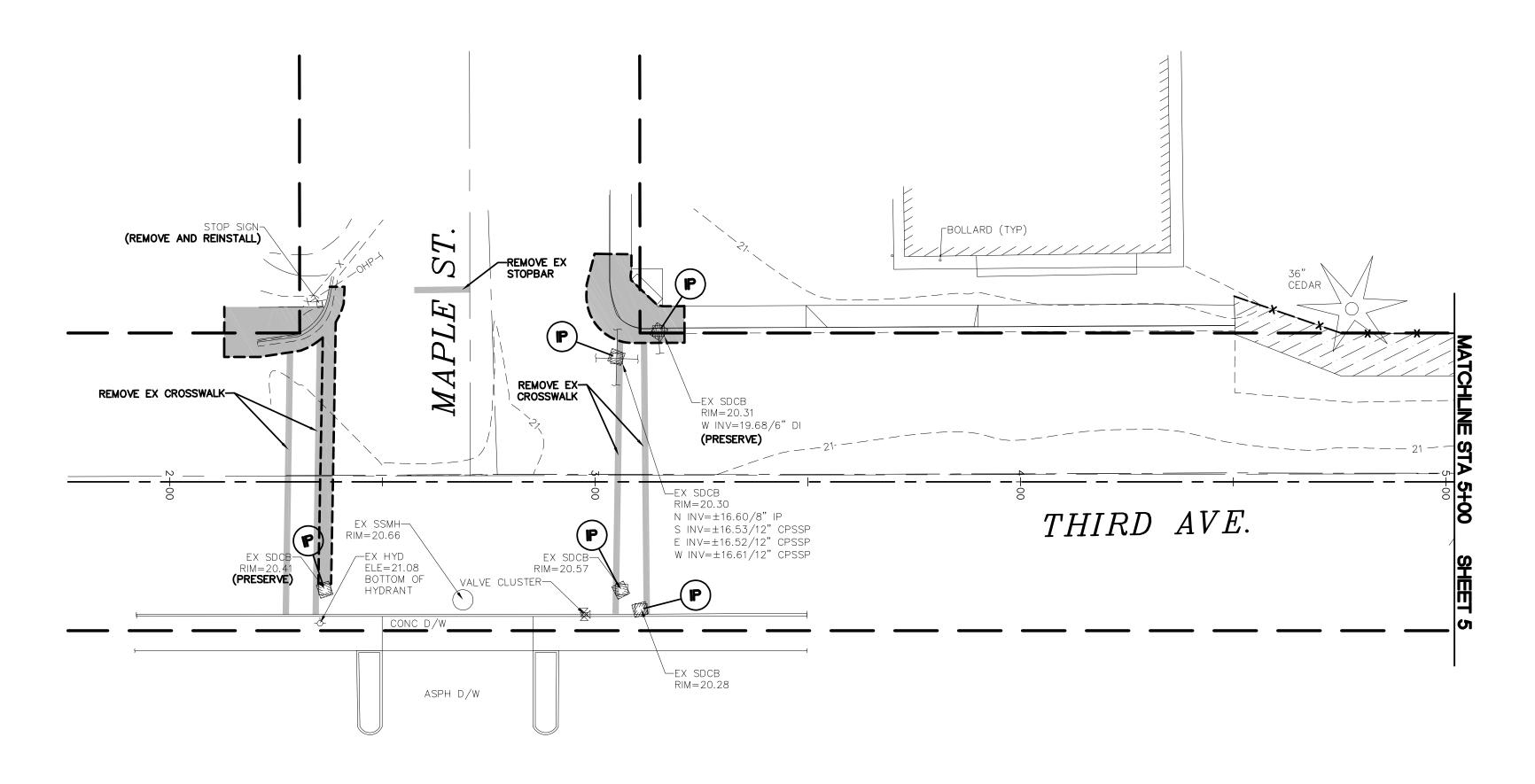
G 17009 COVER.DWG ້6/13/2018 H: **N/A** ∨: **N/A** 17009

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DESCRIPTION







EROSION CONTROL LEGEND

WASHINGTON STATE DEPT. OF ECOLOGY BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (BMP) REF.: STORMWATER MANAGEMENT MANUAL FOR WESTERN WASHINGTON, 2012

NOTES:
1. SEE TESC DETAILS AND TESC GENERAL NOTES, SHEET 13

2. GENERALLY THE SILT FENCE AND CLEARING LIMITS FOLLOW THE RIGHT OF WAY OR CONSTRUCTION EASEMENTS UNLESS OTHERWISE DRAWN ON THE PLANS. THERE ARE AREAS WHERE THE HIGH VISIBILITY SILT FENCE IS DELINEATING THE MAXIMUM EXTENT OF WETLAND IMPACTS.

___x__x__x__

= BMP C103 AND C233: CLEARING LIMITS AND SILT FENCE - SEE DETAIL SHEET 13

= BMP C220: INLET PROTECTION - CB INSERT - SEE DETAIL SHEET 13

DEMOLITION LEGEND

---- = PROPOSED SAWCUT

= PROPOSED DEMOLITION AREA

= PROPOSED CLEARING AND GRUBBING LIMITS

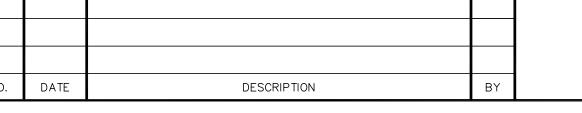








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CITY OF FERNDALE 2095 MAIN STREET FERNDALE, WA 98248

CHERRY STREET FIRST TO THIRD AVENUE SIDEWALK PROJECT SCHEDULE A AND B EX COND, DEMO, TESC - 3RD AVE

NG 17009 EX COND DEMO TESC.DWG 17009 H: 1"=20'

of 17

DESCRIPTION

17009

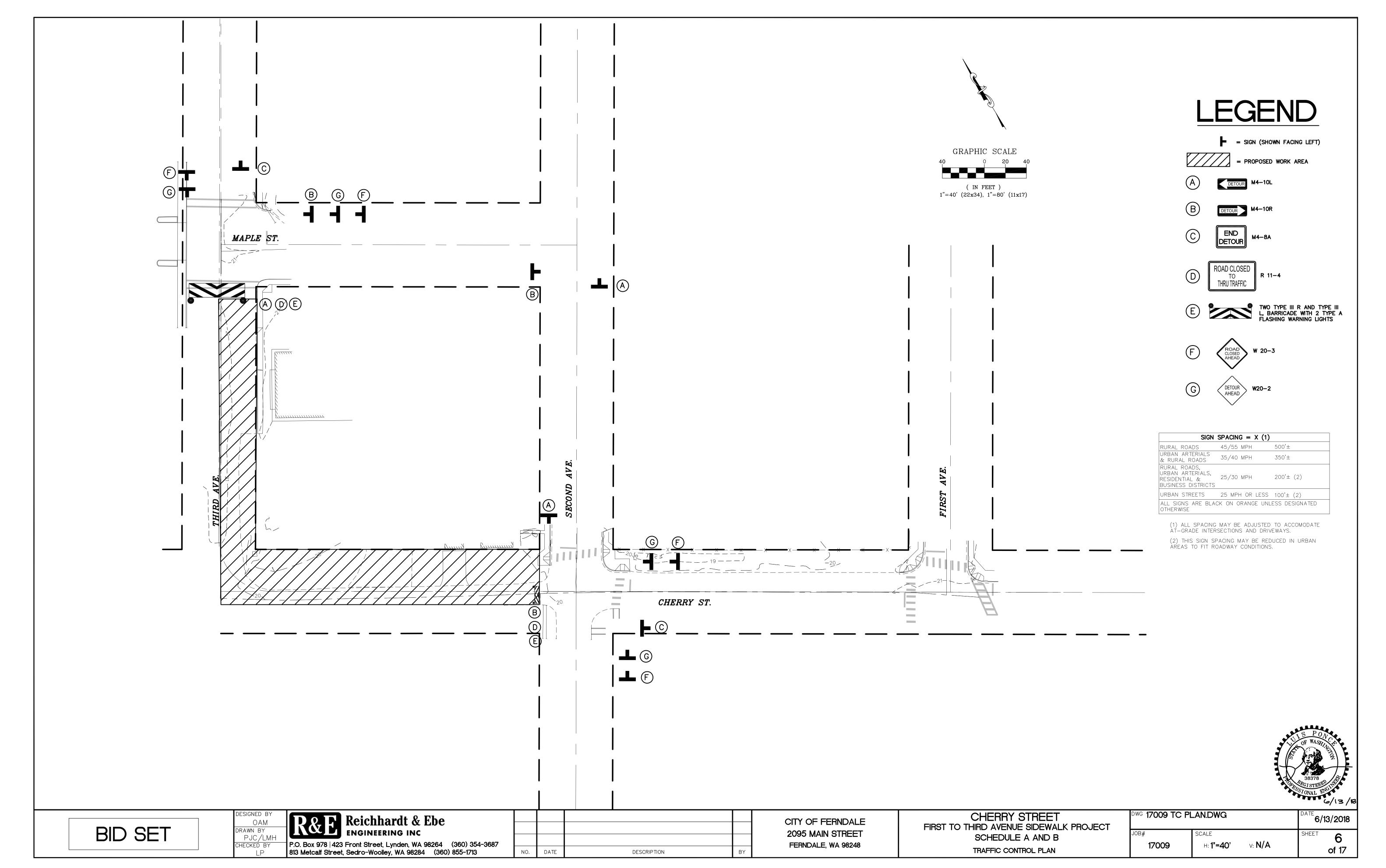
EX COND, DEMO, TESC - CHERRY STREET

H: 1"=20'

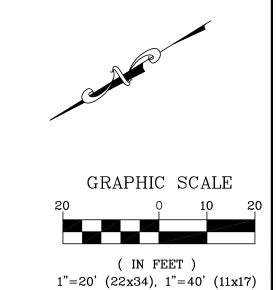
of 17

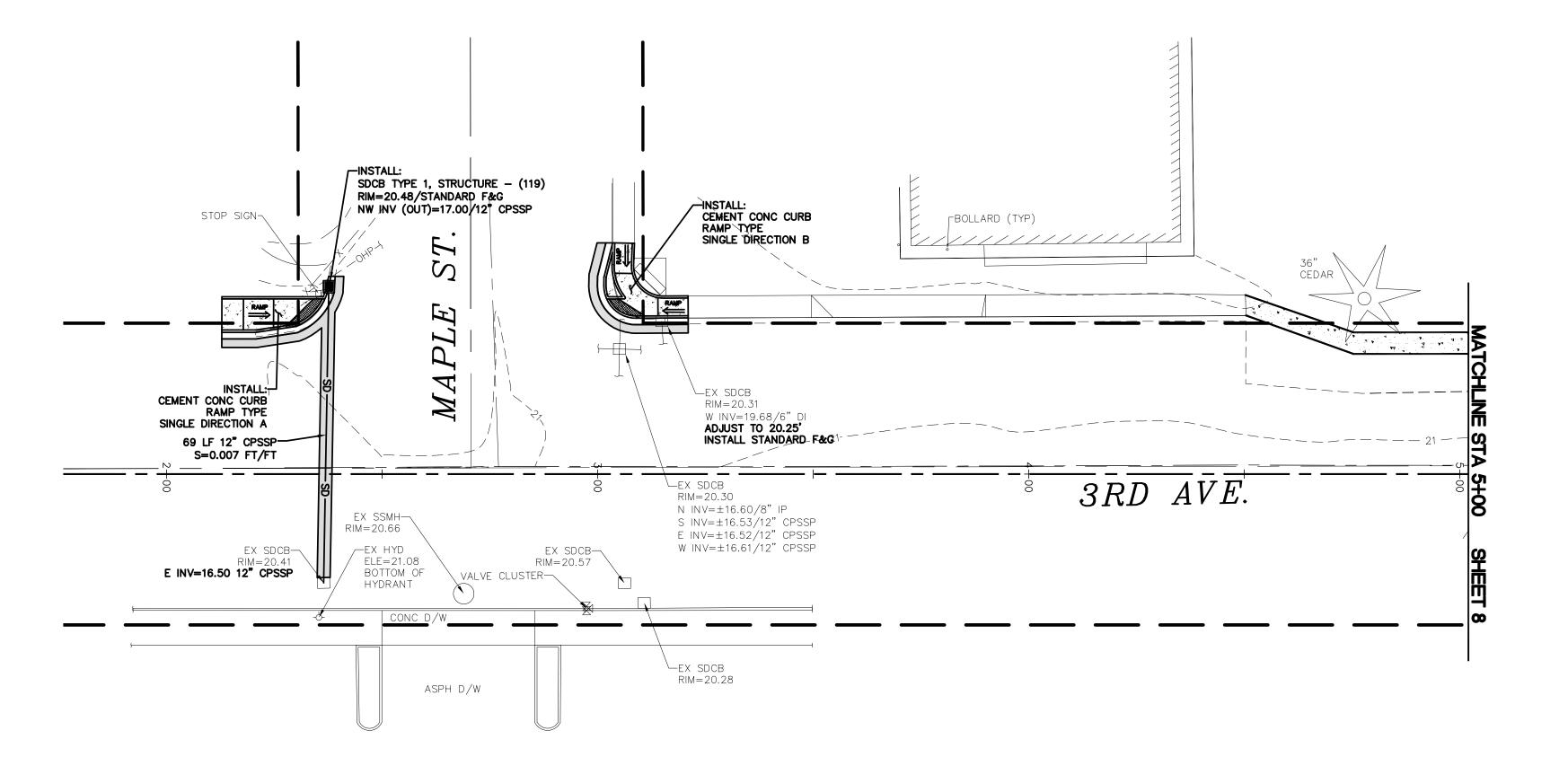
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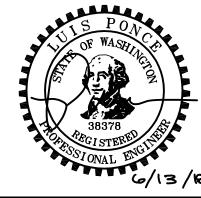
813 Metcalf Street, Sedro-Woolley, WA 98284 (360) 855-1713



P.Projects/17009\16. Civil 3D 2015\Plan Sheets\17009 TC PLAN.dwg, 3 TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN 1, 6/13/2018 11:45:29 AM, PDF reDirect v.







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DATE DESCRIPTION CITY OF FERNDALE 2095 MAIN STREET FERNDALE, WA 98248

CHERRY STREET
FIRST TO THIRD AVENUE SIDEWALK PROJECT SCHEDULE A AND B PLAN 3RD AVE

WG 17009 PLAN AND PROFILE.DWG

6/13/2018 H: 1"=20' V: NA 17009

DESCRIPTION

FERNDALE, WA 98248

H: **1"=20'**

of 17

17009

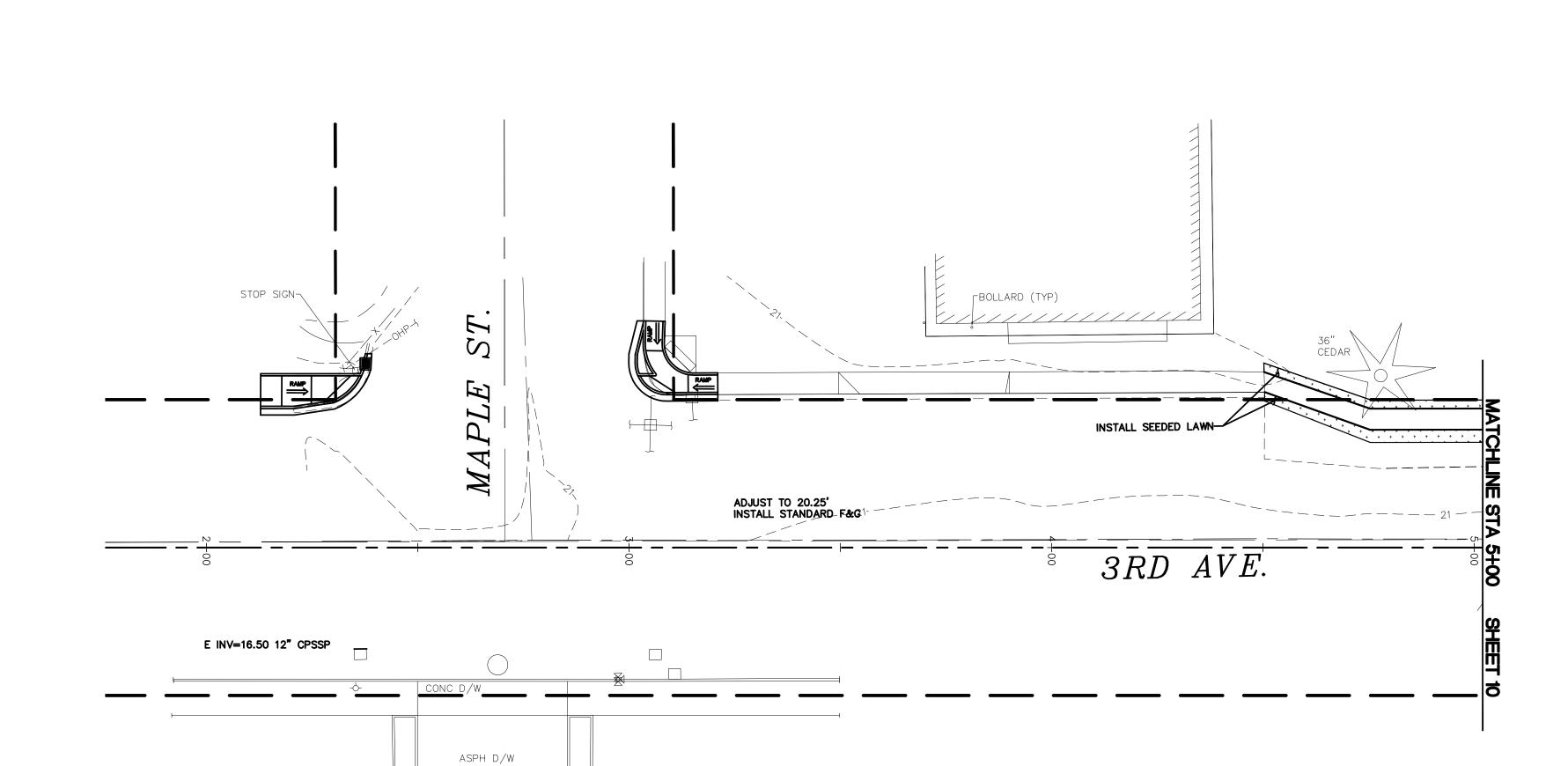
PLAN CHERRY STREET

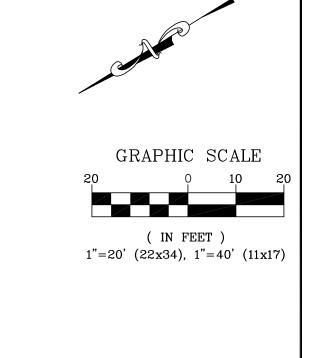
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DATE DESCRIPTION CITY OF FERNDALE 2095 MAIN STREET FERNDALE, WA 98248

CHERRY STREET
FIRST TO THIRD AVENUE SIDEWALK PROJECT SCHEDULE A AND B RESTORATION PLAN 3RD AVE

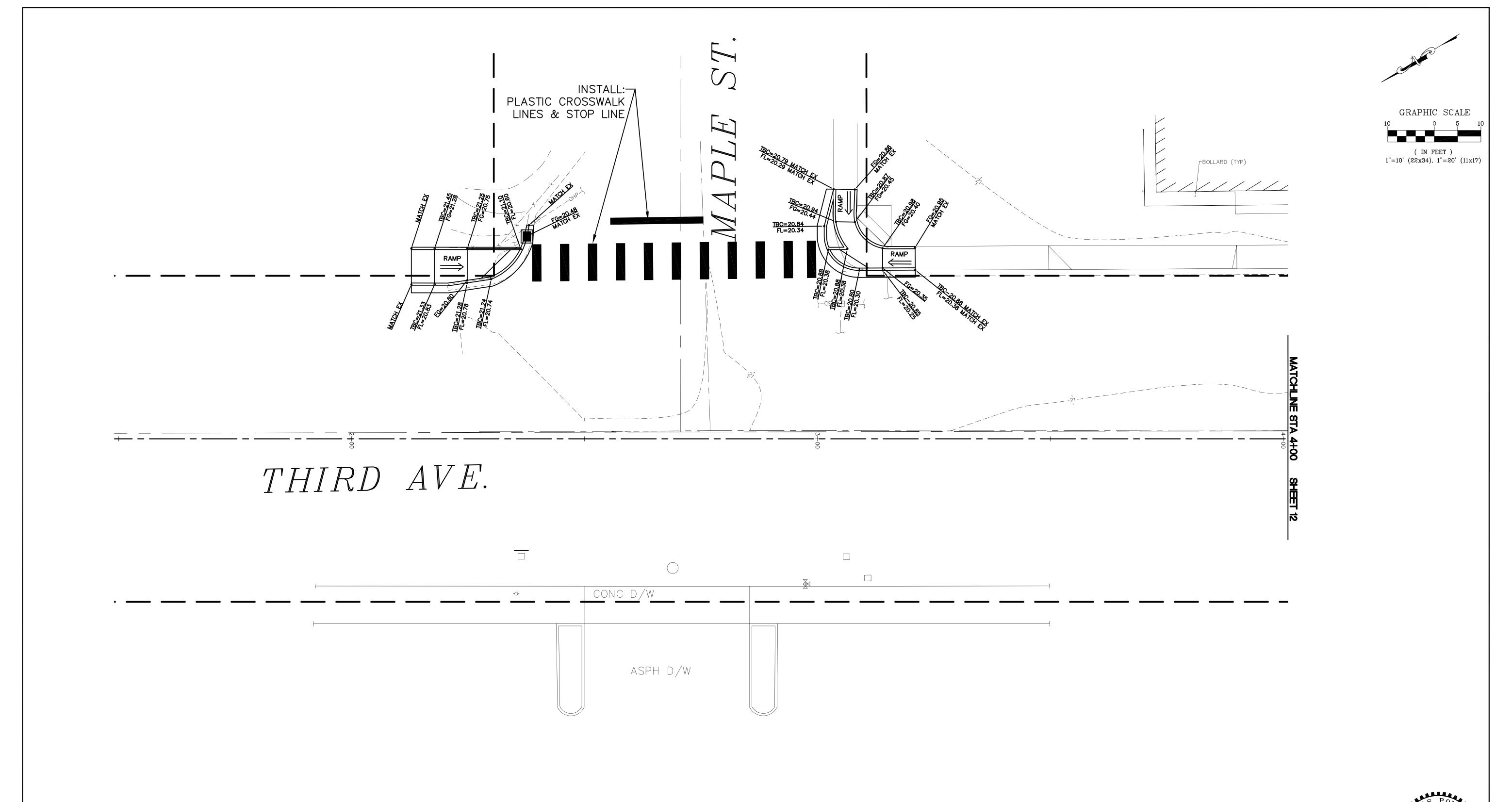
WG 17009 PLAN AND PROFILE.DWG

6/13/2018 H: 1"=20' V: NA 17009 of 17

DESCRIPTION

of 17

RESTORATION PLAN CHERRY STREET



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O. DATE DESCRIPTION BY

CITY OF FERNDALE 2095 MAIN STREET FERNDALE, WA 98248 CHERRY STREET
FIRST TO THIRD AVENUE SIDEWALK PROJECT
SCHEDULE A AND B
GRADING + CHANNELIZATION PLAN STA 1+50 TO 4+00

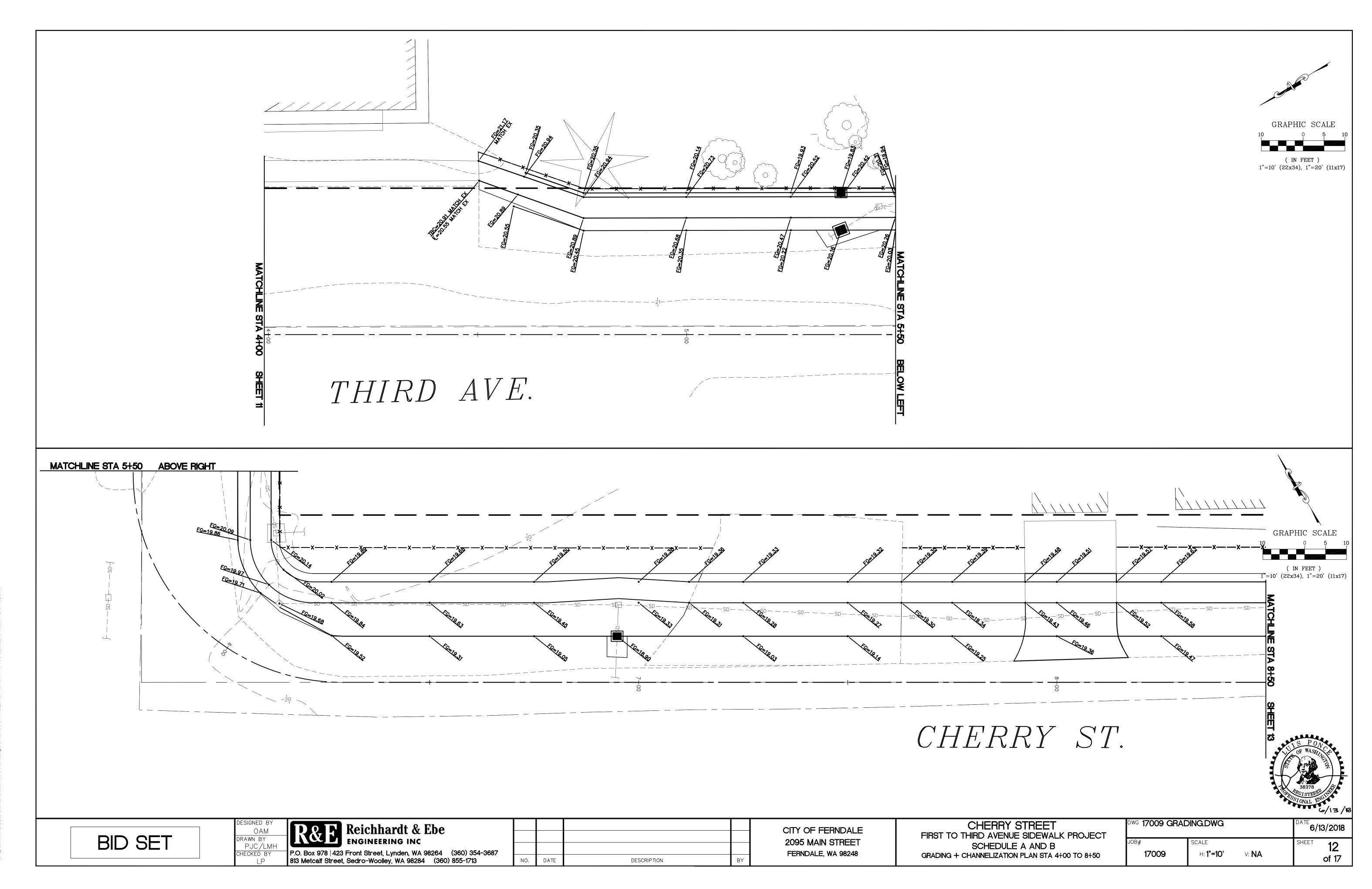
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DATE 6/13/2018

SCALE
H: 1"=10' V: NA

SHEET 11

of 17



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P:\Projects/17009\16. Civil 3D 2015\Plan Sheets\17009 GRADING.dwg, 10 GRADING & CHANNELIZATION PLAN STA 8+50 TO 13+50, 6/13/2018 11:45:52 AM, PDF reDirect v2

ELEMENT 1: PRESERVE VEGETATION/MARK CLEARING LIMITS

- BEFORE BEGINNING LAND DISTURBING ACTIVITIES, INCLUDING CLEARING AND GRADING, CLEARLY MARK ALL CLEARING LIMITS, SENSITIVE AREAS AND THEIR BUFFERS, AND TREES THAT ARE TO BE PRESERVED WITHIN THE CONSTRUCTION
- RETAIN THE DUFF LAYER, NATIVE TOP SOIL, AND NATURAL VEGETATION IN AN UNDISTURBED STATE TO THE MAXIMUM DEGREE PRACTICABLE.
 - BMP C101: PRESERVING NATURAL VEGETATION
 - BMP C102: BUFFER ZONES BMP C103/C233: HIGH VISIBILITY SILT FENCE

ELEMENT 2: ESTABLISH CONSTRUCTION ACCESS

- LIMIT CONSTRUCTION VEHICLE ACCESS AND EXIT TO ONE ROUTE, IF POSSIBLE. • STABILIZE ACCESS POINTS WITH A PAD OF QUARRY SPALLS, CRUSHED ROCK, OR OTHER EQUIVALENT BMPS, TO
- MINIMIZE TRACKING OF SEDIMENT ONTO PUBLIC ROADS. • LOCATE WHEEL WASH OR TIRE BATHS ON SITE, IF THE STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE IS NOT EFFECTIVE IN
- PREVENTING TRACKING SEDIMENT ONTO ROADS. • IF SEDIMENT IS TRACKED OFF SITE, CLEAN THE AFFECTED ROADWAY THOROUGHLY AT THE END OF EACH DAY, OR
- MORE FREQUENTLY AS NECESSARY (FOR EXAMPLE, DURING WET WEATHER). REMOVE SEDIMENT FROM ROADS BY SHOVELING, SWEEPING, OR PICK UP AND TRANSPORT THE SEDIMENT TO A CONTROLLED SEDIMENT DISPOSAL AREA.
- . CONDUCT STREET WASHING ONLY AFTER SEDIMENT IS REMOVED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ABOVE BULLET. • CONTROL STREET WASH WASTEWATER BY PUMPING BACK ON-SITE, OR OTHERWISE PREVENT IT FROM DISCHARGING INTO SYSTEMS TRIBUTARY TO WATERS OF THE STATE.
 - BMP C105: STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE/EXIT BMP C107: CONSTRUCTION ROAD/PARKING AREA STABILIZATION

ELEMENT 3: CONTROL FLOW RATES

- PROTECT PROPERTIES AND WATERWAYS DOWNSTREAM OF DEVELOPMENT SITES FROM EROSION AND THE ASSOCIATED DISCHARGE OF TURBID WATERS DUE TO INCREASES IN THE VELOCITY AND PEAK VOLUMETRIC FLOW RATE OF
- STORMWATER RUNOFF FROM THE PROJECT SITE • WHERE NECESSARY TO COMPLY WITH THE BULLET ABOVE, CONSTRUCT STORMWATER RETENTION OR DETENTION FACILITIES AS ONE OF THE FIRST STEPS IN GRADING, ASSURE THAT DETENTION FACILITIES FUNCTION PROPERLY BEFORE CONSTRUCTING SITE IMPROVEMENTS (E.G. IMPERVIOUS SURFACES)
- IF PERMANENT INFILTRATION PONDS ARE USED FOR FLOW CONTROL DURING CONSTRUCTION, PROTECT THESE FACILITIES FROM SILTATION DURING THE CONSTRUCTION PHASE. BMP C208: TRIANGULAR SILT DIKE (GEOTEXTILE-ENCASED CHECK DAM)

ELEMENT 4: INSTALL SEDIMENT CONTROLS

- DESIGN, INSTALL, AND MAINTAIN EFFECTIVE EROSION CONTROLS AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS TO MINIMIZE THE DISCHARGE
- OF POLLUTANTS. • CONSTRUCT SEDIMENT CONTROL BMPS (SEDIMENT PONDS, TRAPS, FILTERS, ETC.) AS ONE OF THE FIRST STEPS IN
- GRADING. THESE BMPS SHALL BE FUNCTIONAL BEFORE OTHER LAND DISTURBING ACTIVITIES TAKE PLACE.
- MINIMIZE SEDIMENT DISCHARGES FROM THE SITE. THE DESIGN, INSTALLATION AND MAINTENANCE OF EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS MUST ADDRESS FACTORS SUCH AS THE AMOUNT, FREQUENCY, INTENSITY AND DURATION OF PRECIPITATION, THE NATURE OF RESULTING STORMWATER RUNOFF, AND SOIL CHARACTERISTICS, INCLUDING THE RANGE
- OF SOIL PARTICLE SIZES EXPECTED TO BE PRESENT ON THE SITE • DIRECT STORMWATER RUNOFF FROM DISTURBED AREAS THROUGH A SEDIMENT POND OR OTHER APPROPRIATE SEDIMENT REMOVAL BMP, BEFORE THE RUNOFF LEAVES A CONSTRUCTION SITE OR BEFORE DISCHARGE TO AN INFILTRATION FACILITY. RUNOFF FROM FULLY STABILIZED AREAS MAY BE DISCHARGED WITHOUT A SEDIMENT REMOVAL BMP, BUT
- MUST MEET THE FLOW CONTROL PERFORMANCE STANDARD IN ELEMENT #3, BULLET #1 · LOCATE BMPS INTENDED TO TRAP SEDIMENT ON-SITE IN A MANNER TO AVOID INTERFERENCE WITH THE MOVEMENT OF
- JUVENILE SALMONIDS ATTEMPTING TO ENTER OFF-CHANNEL AREAS OR DRAINAGES. • WHERE FEASIBLE, DESIGN OUTLET STRUCTURES THAT WITHDRAW IMPOUNDED STORMWATER FROM THE SURFACE TO AVOID DISCHARGING SEDIMENT THAT IS STILL SUSPENDED LOWER IN THE WATER COLUMN.
- BMP C208: TRIANGULAR SILT DIKE (GEOTEXTILE-ENCASED CHECK DAM) BMP C233: SILT FENCE

- ELEMENT 5: STABILIZE SOILS • STABILIZE EXPOSED AND UNWORKED SOILS BY APPLICATION OF EFFECTIVE BMPS THAT PREVENT EROSION. APPLICABLE BMPS INCLUDE, BUT ARE NOT LIMITED TO: TEMPORARY AND PERMANENT SEEDING, SODDING, MULCHING, PLASTIC COVERING, EROSION CONTROL FABRICS AND MATTING, SOIL APPLICATION OF POLYACRYLAMIDE (PAM), THE EARLY APPLICATION OF GRAVEL BASE EARLY ON AREAS TO BE PAVED, AND DUST CONTROL.
- CONTROL STORMWATER VOLUME AND VELOCITY WITHIN THE SITE TO MINIMIZE SOIL EROSION. • CONTROL STORMWATER DISCHARGES, INCLUDING BOTH PEAK FLOW RATES AND TOTAL STORMWATER VOLUME, TO MINIMIZE EROSION AT OUTLETS AND TO MINIMIZE DOWNSTREAM CHANNEL AND STREAM BANK EROSION.
- . SOILS MUST NOT REMAIN EXPOSED AND UNWORKED FOR MORE THAN THE TIME PERIODS SET FORTH BELOW TO
- •• DURING THE DRY SEASON (MAY 1 SEPT. 30): 7 DAYS •• DURING THE WET SEASON (OCTOBER 1 - APRIL 30): 2 DAYS
- STABILIZE SOILS AT THE END OF THE SHIFT BEFORE A HOLIDAY OR WEEKEND IF NEEDED BASED ON THE WEATHER
- STABILIZE SOIL STOCKPILES FROM EROSION, PROTECTED WITH SEDIMENT TRAPPING MEASURES, AND WHERE POSSIBLE, BE LOCATED AWAY FROM STORM DRAIN INLETS, WATERWAYS AND DRAINAGE CHANNELS.
- . MINIMIZE THE AMOUNT OF SOIL EXPOSED DURING CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY. MINIMIZE THE DISTURBANCE OF STEEP SLOPES
- MINIMIZE SOIL COMPACTION AND, UNLESS INFEASIBLE, PRESERVE TOPSOIL.
- BMP C120: TEMPORARY AND PERMANENT SEEDING BMP C123: PLASTIC COVERING (AS NEEDED)
- BMP C130: SURFACE ROUGHENING BMP C140: DUST CONTROL

ELEMENT 6: PROTECT SLOPES

- DESIGN AND CONSTRUCT CUT-AND-FILL SLOPES IN A MANNER TO MINIMIZE EROSION. APPLICABLE PRACTICES INCLUDE, BUT ARE NOT LIMITED TO, REDUCING CONTINUOUS LENGTH OF SLOPE WITH TERRACING AND DIVERSIONS, REDUCING SLOPE STEEPNESS, AND ROUGHENING SLOPE SURFACES (FOR EXAMPLE, TRACK WALKING)
- DIVERT OFF-SITE STORMWATER (RUN-ON) OR GROUND WATER AWAY FROM SLOPES AND DISTURBED AREAS WITH INTERCEPTOR DIKES, PIPES AND/OR SWALES. OFF-SITE STORMWATER SHOULD BE MANAGED SEPARATELY FROM STORMWATER GENERATED ON THE SITE.
- AT THE TOP OF SLOPES, COLLECT DRAINAGE IN PIPE SLOPE DRAINS OR PROTECTED CHANNELS TO PREVENT EROSION. • TEMPORARY PIPE SLOPE DRAINS MUST HANDLE THE PEAK VOLUMETRIC FLOW RATE CALCULATED USING A 10-MINUTE TIME STEP FROM A TYPE 1A, 10-YEAR, 24-HOUR FREQUENCY STORM FOR THE DEVELOPED CONDITION. ALTERNATIVELY, THE 10-YEAR AND 1-HOUR FLOW RATE PREDICTED BY AN APPROVED CONTINUOUS RUNOFF MODEL, INCREASED BY A FACTOR OF 1.6, MAY BE USED. THE HYDROLOGIC ANALYSIS MUST USE THE EXISTING LAND COVER CONDITION FOR
- PREDICTING FLOW RATES FROM TRIBUTARY AREAS OUTSIDE THE PROJECT LIMITS. FOR TRIBUTARY AREAS ON THE PROJECT SITE, THE ANALYSIS MUST USE THE TEMPORARY OR PERMANENT PROJECT LAND COVER CONDITION, WHICHEVER WILL PRODUCE THE HIGHEST FLOW RATES. IF USING THE WESTERN WASHINGTON HYDROLOGY MODEL (WWHM) TO PREDICT FLOWS, BARE SOIL AREAS SHOULD BE MODELED AS "LANDSCAPED" AREA.
- PLACE CHECK DAMS AT REGULAR INTERVALS WITHIN CONSTRUCTED CHANNELS THAT ARE CUT DOWN A SLOPE. BMP C120: TEMPORARY AND PERMANENT SEEDING BMP C130: SURFACE ROUGHENING

• PLACE EXCAVATED MATERIAL ON THE UPHILL SIDE OF TRENCHES, CONSISTENT WITH SAFETY AND SPACE

ELEMENT 7: PROTECT DRAIN INLETS

• PROTECT ALL STORM DRAIN INLETS MADE OPERABLE DURING CONSTRUCTION SO THAT STORMWATER RUNOFF SHALL NOT ENTER THE CONVEYANCE SYSTEM WITHOUT FIRST BEING FILTERED OR TREATED TO REMOVE SEDIMENT. . CLEAN OR REMOVE AND REPLACE INLET PROTECTION DEVICES WHEN SEDIMENT HAS FILLED ONE-THIRD OF THE AVAILABLE STORAGE (UNLESS A DIFFERENT STANDARD IS SPECIFIED BY THE PRODUCT MANUFACTURER).

BMP C220: STORM DRAIN INLET PROTECTION

ELEMENT 8: STABILIZE CHANNELS AND OUTLETS • DESIGN, CONSTRUCT, AND STABILIZE ALL ON-SITE CONVEYANCE CHANNELS TO PREVENT EROSION FROM THE FOLLOWING EXPECTED PEAK FLOWS:

- •• CHANNELS MUST HANDLE THE PEAK VOLUMETRIC FLOW RATE CALCULATED USING A 10-MINUTE STEP FROM A TYPE 1A, 10- YEAR, 24-HOUR FREQUENCY STORM FOR THE DEVELOPED CONDITION. ALTERNATIVELY, THE 10-YEAR, 1-HOUR FLOW RATE INDICATED BY AN APPROVED CONTINUOUS RUNOFF MODEL, INCREASED BY A FACTOR OF 1.6, MAY BE USED. THE HYDROLOGIC ANALYSIS MUST USE THE EXISTING LAND COVER CONDITION FOR PREDICTING FLOW RATES FROM TRIBUTARY AREAS OUTSIDE THE PROJECT LIMITS. FOR TRIBUTARY AREAS ON THE PROJECT SITE, THE ANALYSIS MUST USE THE TEMPORARY OR PERMANENT PROJECT LAND COVER CONDITION, WHICHEVER WILL PRODUCE THE HIGHEST FLOW RATES. IF USING THE WESTERN WASHINGTON HYDROLOGY MODEL (WWHM) TO PREDICT FLOWS. BARE SOIL AREAS SHOULD BE MODELED AS "LANDSCAPED AREA.
- PROVIDE STABILIZATION, INCLUDING ARMORING MATERIAL, ADEQUATE TO PREVENT EROSION OF OUTLETS, ADJACENT STREAM BANKS, SLOPES AND DOWNSTREAM REACHES AT THE OUTLETS OF ALL CONVEYANCE SYSTEMS. BMP C209: OUTLET PROTECTION

ELEMENT 9: CONTROL POLLUTANTS

- · DESIGN, INSTALL, IMPLEMENT AND MAINTAIN EFFECTIVE POLLUTION PREVENTION MEASURES TO MINIMIZE THE DISCHARGE
- . HANDLE AND DISPOSE OF ALL POLLUTANTS, INCLUDING WASTE MATERIALS AND DEMOLITION DEBRIS THAT OCCUR ON-SITE IN A MANNER THAT DOES NOT CAUSE CONTAMINATION OF STORMWATER.
- PROVIDE COVER, CONTAINMENT, AND PROTECTION FROM VANDALISM FOR ALL CHEMICALS, LIQUID PRODUCTS, PETROLEUM PRODUCTS, AND OTHER MATERIALS THAT HAVE THE POTENTIAL TO POSE A THREAT TO HUMAN HEALTH OR THE ENVIRONMENT. ON-SITE FUELING TANKS MUST INCLUDE SECONDARY CONTAINMENT. SECONDARY CONTAINMENT MEANS PLACING TANKS OR CONTAINERS WITHIN AN IMPERVIOUS STRUCTURE CAPABLE OF CONTAINING 110% OF THE VOLUME CONTAINED IN THE LARGEST TAKE WITHIN THE CONTAINMENT STRUCTURE. DOUBLE-WALLED TANKS DO NOT REQUIRE ADDITIONAL SECONDARY CONTAINMENT.
- CONDUCT MAINTENANCE, FUELING, AND REPAIR OF HEAVY EQUIPMENT AND VEHICLES USING SPILL PREVENTION AND CONTROL MEASURES. CLEAN CONTAMINATED SURFACES IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING ANY SPILL INCIDENT. • DISCHARGE WHEEL WASH OR TIRE BATH WASTEWATER TO A SEPARATE ON-SITE TREATMENT SYSTEM THAT PREVENTS DISCHARGE TO SURFACE WATER, SUCH AS CLOSED-LOOP RECIRCULATION OR UPLAND APPLICATION, OR TO THE SANITARY SEWER, WITH LOCAL SEWER DISTRICT APPROVAL.
- APPLY FERTILIZERS AND PESTICIDES IN A MANNER AND AT APPLICATION RATES THAT WILL NOT RESULT IN LOSS OF CHEMICAL TO STORMWATER RUNOFF. FOLLOW MANUFACTURERS' LABEL REQUIREMENTS FOR APPLICATION RATES AND PROCEDURES • USE BMPS TO PREVENT CONTAMINATION OF STORMWATER RUNOFF BY PH MODIFYING SOURCES. THE SOURCES FOR THIS CONTAMINATION INCLUDE, BUT ARE NOT LIMITED TO: BULK CEMENT, CEMENT KILN DUST, FLY ASH, NEW CONCRETE
- WASHING AND CURING WATERS, WASTE STREAMS GENERATED FROM CONCRETE GRINDING AND SAWING, EXPOSED AGGREGATE PROCESSES, DEWATERING CONCRETE VAULTS, CONCRETE PUMPING AND MIXER WASHOUT WATERS. • ADJUST THE PH OF STORMWATER IF NECESSARY TO PREVENT VIOLATIONS OF WATER QUALITY STANDARDS. • ASSURE THAT WASHOUT OF CONCRETE TRUCKS IS PERFORMED OFF-SITE OR IN DESIGNATED CONCRETE WASHOUT AREAS ONLY. DO NOT WASH OUT CONCRETE TRUCKS ONTO THE GROUND, OR INTO STORM DRAINS, OPEN DITCHES,
- STREETS, OR STREAMS. DO NOT DUMP EXCESS CONCRETE ON-SITE, EXCEPT IN DESIGNATED CONCRETE WASHOUT AREAS. CONCRETE SPILLAGE OR CONCRETE DISCHARGE TO SURFACE WATERS OF THE STATE IS PROHIBITED. • OBTAIN WRITTEN APPROVAL FROM ECOLOGY BEFORE USING CHEMICAL TREATMENT OTHER THAN CO2 OR DRY ICE TO ADJUST PH BMP C151: CONCRETE HANDLING

ELEMENT 10: CONTROL DE-WATERING

BMP C154: CONCRETE WASHOUT

- DISCHARGE FOUNDATION, VAULT, AND TRENCH DE-WATERING WATER, WHICH HAS SIMILAR CHARACTERISTICS TO STORMWATER RUNOFF AT THE SITE, INTO A CONTROLLED CONVEYANCE SYSTEM BEFORE DISCHARGE TO A SEDIMENT TRAP OR SEDIMENT POND
- DISCHARGE CLEAN, NON-TURBID DE-WATERING WATER, SUCH AS WELL-POINT GROUND WATER, TO SYSTEMS TRIBUTARY TO, OR DIRECTLY INTO SURFACE WATERS OF THE STATE, AS SPECIFIED IN ELEMENT #8, PROVIDED THE DE-WATERING FLOW DOES NOT CAUSE EROSION OR FLOODING OF RECEIVING WATERS. DO NOT ROUTE CLEAN DEWATERING WATER THROUGH STORMWATER SEDIMENT PONDS. NOTE THAT SURFACE WATERS OF THE STATE MAY EXIST ON A CONSTRUCTION SITE AS WELL AS OFF SITE; FOR EXAMPLE, A CREEK RUNNING THROUGH A SITE.
- HANDLE HIGHLY TURBID OR OTHERWISE CONTAMINATED DEWATERING WATER SEPARATELY FROM STORMWATER. • OTHER TREATMENT OR DISPOSAL OPTIONS MAY INCLUDE: 1. INFILTRATION.
- 2. TRANSPORT OFF-SITE IN A VEHICLE, SUCH AS A VACUUM FLUSH TRUCK, FOR LEGAL DISPOSAL IN A MANNER THAT DOES NOT POLLUTE STATE WATERS. 3. ECOLOGY-APPROVED ON-SITE CHEMICAL TREATMENT OR OTHER SUITABLE TREATMENT TECHNOLOGIES 4. SANITARY OR COMBINED SEWER DISCHARGE WITH LOCAL SEWER DISTRICT APPROVAL, IF THERE IS NO OTHER OPTION. 5.USE OF A SEDIMENTATION BAG THAT DISCHARGES TO A DITCH OR SWALE FOR SMALL VOLUMES OF LOCALIZED DEWATERING.

CONTRACTOR TO UTILIZE APPROPRIATE BMPS FROM THE 2012 SWMMWW IF DE-WATERING IS NEEDED

ELEMENT 11: MAINTAIN BMPS • MAINTAIN AND REPAIR ALL TEMPORARY AND PERMANENT EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL BMPS AS NEEDED TO

ASSURE CONTINUED PERFORMANCE OF THEIR INTENDED FUNCTION IN ACCORDANCE WITH BMP SPECIFICATIONS. • REMOVE ALL TEMPORARY EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL BMPS WITHIN 30 DAYS AFTER ACHIEVING FINAL SITE STABILIZATION OR AFTER THE TEMPORARY BMPS ARE NO LONGER NEEDED BMP C160: CERTIFIED EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL LEAD

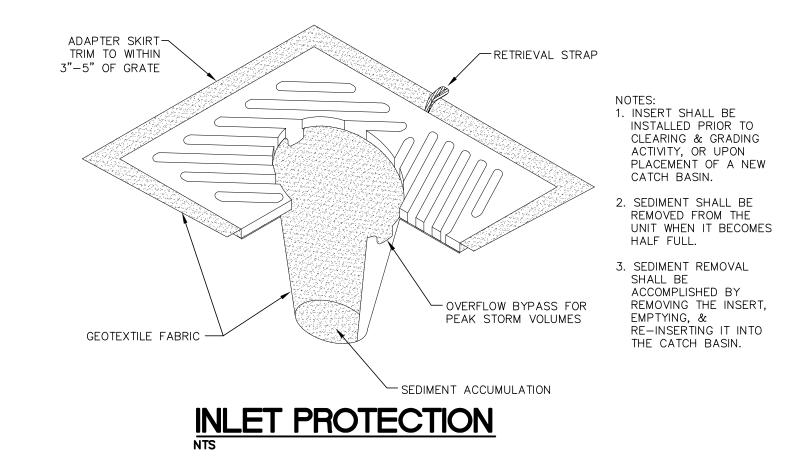
ELEMENT 12: MANAGE THE PROJECT

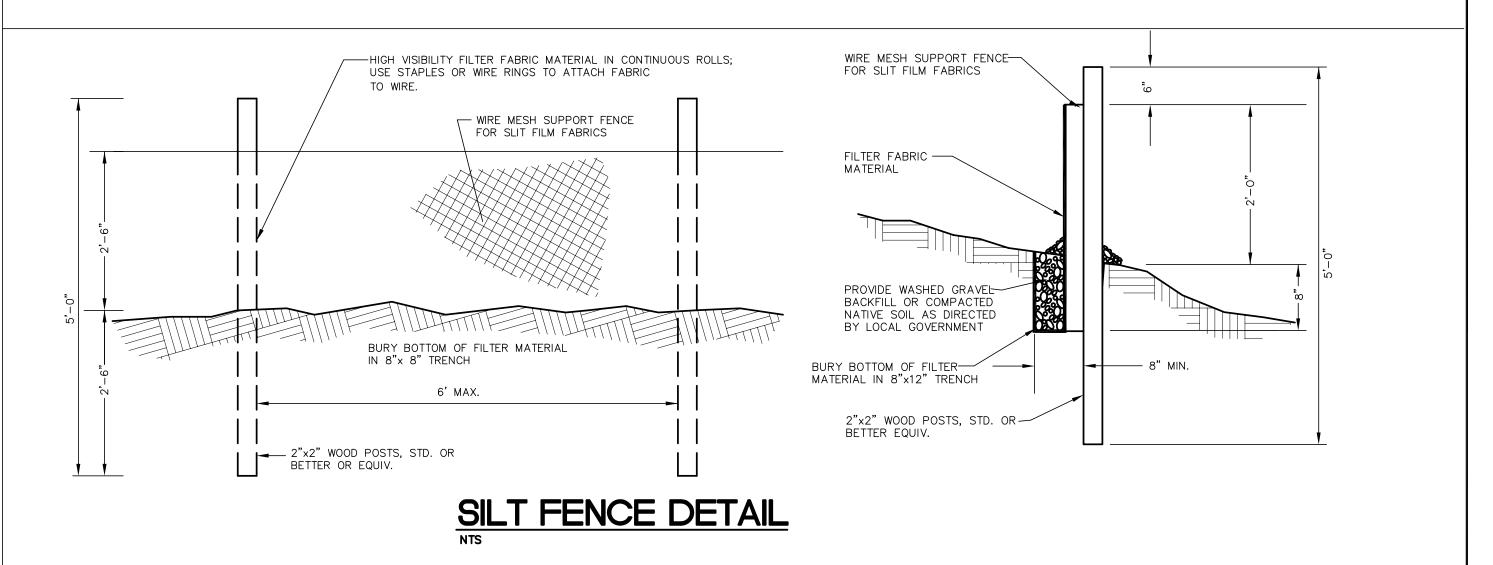
- PHASE DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS TO THE MAXIMUM DEGREE PRACTICABLE AND TAKE INTO ACCOUNT SEASONAL WORK
- INSPECTION AND MONITORING INSPECT, MAINTAIN AND REPAIR ALL BMPS AS NEEDED TO ASSURE CONTINUED PERFORMANCE OF THEIR INTENDED FUNCTION. PROJECTS REGULATED UNDER THE CONSTRUCTION STORMWATER GENERAL PERMIT MUST CONDUCT SITE INSPECTIONS AND MONITORING IN ACCORDANCE WITH SPECIAL CONDITION S4 OF THE CONSTRUCTION STORMWATER GENERAL PERMIT.
- MAINTAINING AN UPDATED CONSTRUCTION SWPPP MAINTAIN, UPDATE, AND IMPLEMENT THE SWPPF • PROJECTS THAT DISTURB ONE OR MORE ACRES MUST HAVE SITE INSPECTIONS CONDUCTED BY A CERTIFIED EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL LEAD (CESCL). PROJECT SITES DISTURBING LESS THAN ONE ACRE MAY HAVE A CESCL OR A PERSON WITHOUT CESCL CERTIFICATION CONDUCT INSPECTIONS. BY THE INITIATION OF CONSTRUCTION, THE SWPPP MUST IDENTIFY THE CESCL OR INSPECTOR, WHO MUST BE PRESENT ON-SITE OR ON-CALL AT ALL TIMES.
- THE CESCL OR INSPECTOR (PROJECT SITES LESS THAN ONE ACRE) MUST HAVE THE SKILLS TO ASSESS THE: •• SITE CONDITIONS AND CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES THAT COULD IMPACT THE QUALITY OF STORMWATER. FFFECTIVENESS OF FROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES USED TO CONTROL THE QUALITY OF STORMWATER
- DISCHARGES. • THE CESCL OR INSPECTOR MUST EXAMINE STORMWATER VISUALLY FOR THE PRESENCE OF SUSPENDED SEDIMENT, TURBIDITY, DISCOLORATION, AND OIL SHEEN. THEY MUST EVALUATE THE EFFECTIVENESS OF BMPS AND DETERMINE IF IT IS NECESSARY TO INSTALL, MAINTAIN, OR REPAIR BMPS TO IMPROVE THE QUALITY OF STORMWATER DISCHARGES.
- BASED ON THE RESULTS OF THE INSPECTION, CONSTRUCTION SITE OPERATORS MUST CORRECT THE PROBLEMS IDENTIFIED BY: • REVIEWING THE SWPPP FOR COMPLIANCE WITH THE 13 CONSTRUCTION SWPPP ELEMENTS AND MAKING APPROPRIATE REVISIONS WITHIN 7 DAYS OF THE INSPECTION.
- •• IMMEDIATELY BEGINNING THE PROCESS OF FULLY IMPLEMENTING AND MAINTAINING APPROPRIATE SOURCE CONTROL AND/OR TREATMENT BMPS AS SOON AS POSSIBLE, ADDRESSING THE PROBLEMS NOT LATER THAN WITHIN 10 DAYS OF THE INSPECTION. IF INSTALLATION OF NECESSARY TREATMENT BMPS IS NOT FEASIBLE WITHIN 10 DAYS, THE CONSTRUCTION SITE OPERATOR MAY REQUEST AN EXTENSION WITHIN THE INITIAL 10-DAY RESPONSE PERIOD. •• DOCUMENTING BMP IMPLEMENTATION AND MAINTENANCE IN THE SITE LOG BOOK (SITES LARGER THAN 1 ACRE). • THE CESCL OR INSPECTOR MUST INSPECT ALL AREAS DISTURBED BY CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES, ALL BMPS, AND ALL
- STORMWATER DISCHARGE POINTS AT LEAST ONCE EVERY CALENDAR WEEK AND WITHIN 24 HOURS OF ANY DISCHARGE FROM THE SITE. (FOR PURPOSES OF THIS CONDITION, INDIVIDUAL DISCHARGE EVENTS THAT LAST MORE THAN ONE DAY DO NOT REQUIRE DAILY INSPECTIONS. FOR EXAMPLE, IF A STORMWATER POND DISCHARGES CONTINUOUSLY OVER THE COURSE OF A WEEK, ONLY ONE INSPECTION IS REQUIRED THAT WEEK.) THE CESCL OR INSPECTOR MAY REDUCE THE INSPECTION FREQUENCY FOR TEMPORARY STABILIZED, INACTIVE SITES TO ONCE EVERY CALENDAR MONTH. BMP C160: CERTIFIED EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL LEAD

ELEMENT 13: PROTECT LOW IMPACT DEVELOPMENT BMPS

TO RETAIN THE INFILTRATION RATE OF THE SOILS.

- PROTECT ALL BIORETENTION AND RAIN GARDEN BMPS FROM SEDIMENTATION THROUGH INSTALLATION AND MAINTENANCE OF EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL BMPS ON PORTIONS OF THE SITE THAT DRAIN INTO THE BIORETENTION AND/OR RAIN GARDEN BMPS. RESTORE THE BMPS TO THEIR FULLY FUNCTIONING CONDITION IF THEY ACCUMULATE SEDIMENT DURING CONSTRUCTION. RESTORING THE BMP MUST INCLUDE REMOVAL OF SEDIMENT AND ANY SEDIMENT-LADEN BIORETENTION/RAIN GARDEN SOILS, AND REPLACING THE REMOVED SOILS MEETING THE DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS. • PREVENT COMPACTING BIORETENTION AND RAIN GARDEN BMPS BY EXCLUDING CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT AND FOOT TRAFFIC. PROTECT COMPLETED LAWN AND LANDSCAPED AREAS FROM COMPACTION DUE TO CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT. • CONTROL EROSION AND AVOID INTRODUCING SEDIMENT FROM SURROUNDING LAND USES ONTO PERMEABLE PAVEMENTS. DO NOT ALLOW MUDDY CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT ON THE BASE MATERIAL OR PAVEMENT. DO NOT ALLOW
- SEDIMENT-LADEN RUNOFF ONTO PERMEABLE PAVEMENTS OR BASE MATERIALS. • PAVEMENT FOULED WITH SEDIMENTS OR NO LONGER PASSING AN INITIAL INFILTRATION TEST MUST BE CLEANED USING PROCEDURES IN ACCORDANCE WITH THIS MANUAL OR THE MANUFACTURER'S PROCEDURES. • KEEP ALL HEAVY EQUIPMENT OFF EXISTING SOILS UNDER LID FACILITIES THAT HAVE BEEN EXCAVATED TO FINAL GRADE







BID SET

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Reichhardt & Ebe **ENGINEERING INC**

813 Metcalf Street, Sedro-Woolley, WA 98284 (360) 855-1713

DESCRIPTION

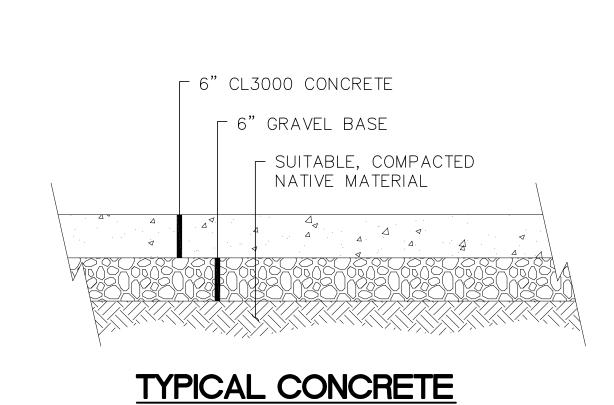
CITY OF FERNDALE 2095 MAIN STREET FERNDALE, WA 98248

CHERRY STREET FIRST TO THIRD AVENUE SIDEWALK PROJECT SCHEDULE A AND B DETAILS TESC

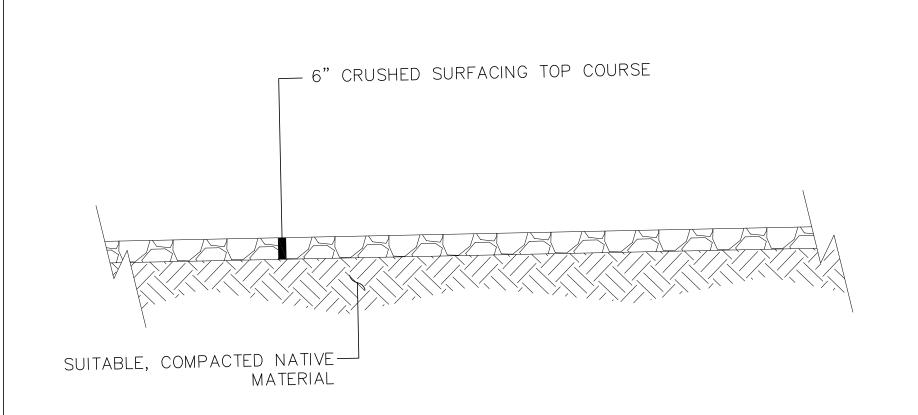
G 17009 DETAILS.DWG CALE 17009 H: **NA** V: NA

6/13/2018

of 17

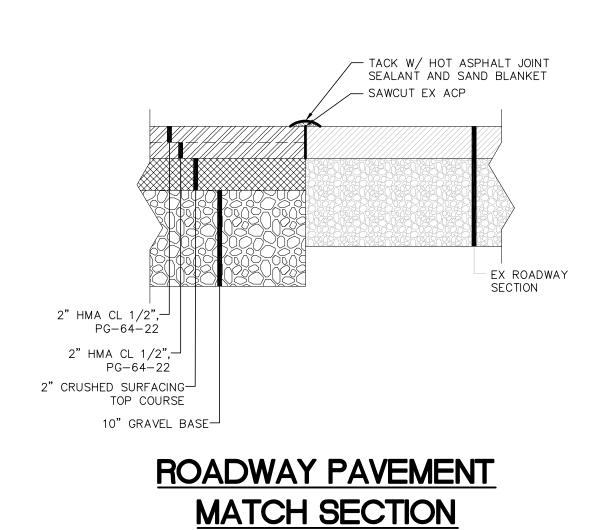


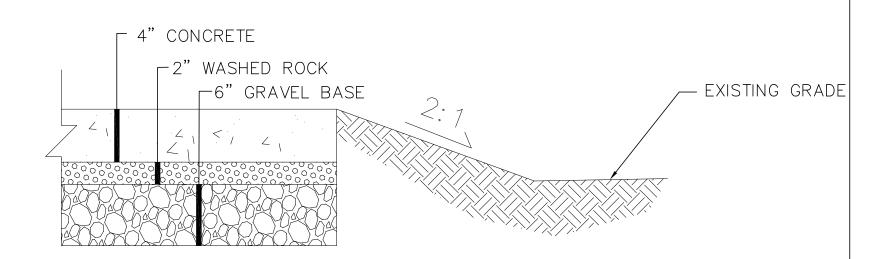
DRIVEWAY SECTION



TYPICAL GRAVEL

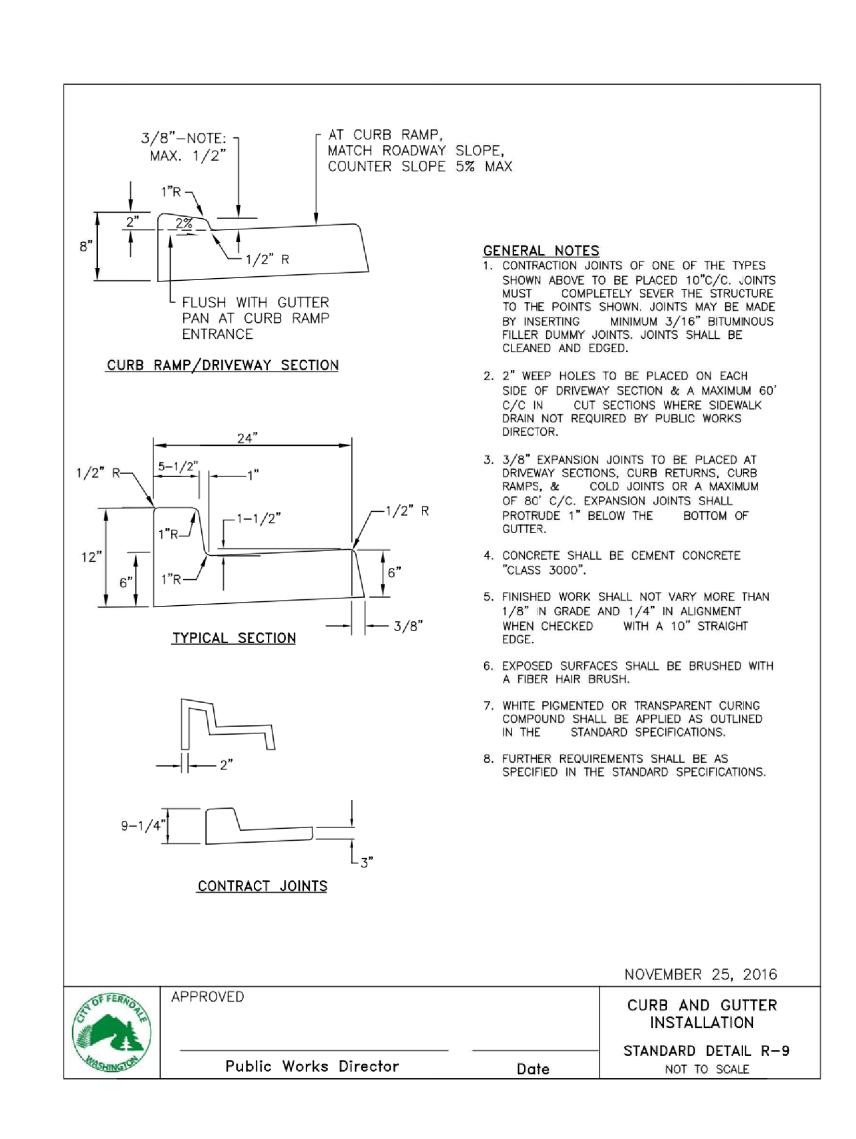
DRIVEWAY SECTION

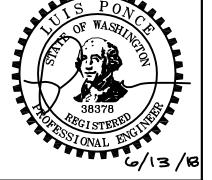




TYPICAL SIDEWALK SECTION DETAIL

NTS





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DESCRIPTION

CITY OF FERNDALE

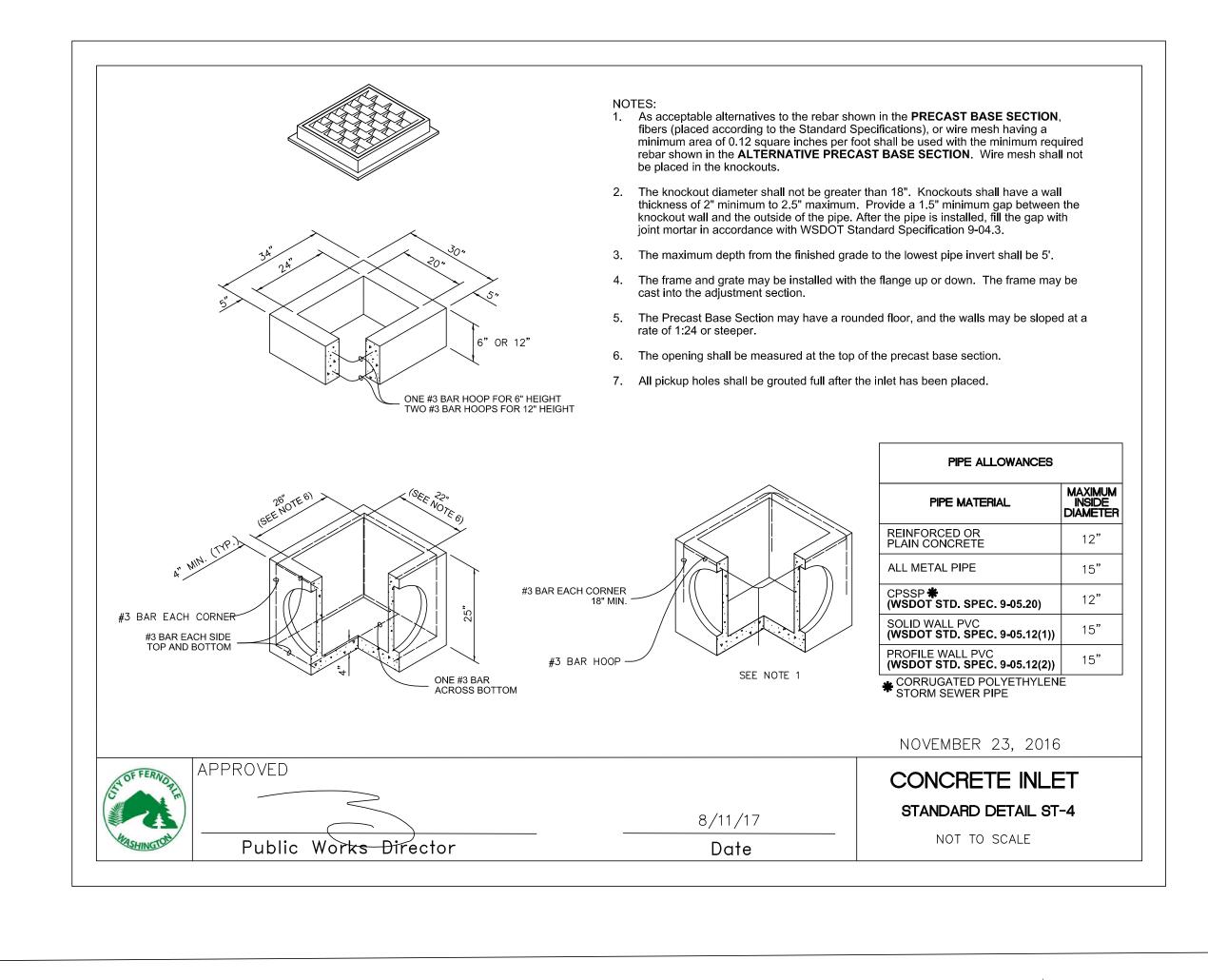
2095 MAIN STREET

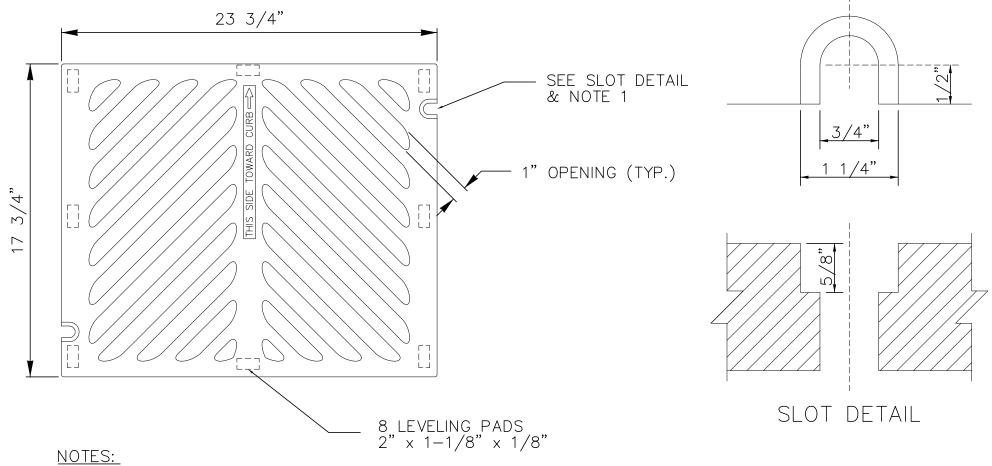
FERNDALE, WA 98248

CHERRY STREET FIRST TO THIRD AVENUE SIDEWALK PROJECT SCHEDULE A AND B DETAILS ROAD

17009

G 17009 DETAILS.DWG 6/13/2018 $H: \mathbf{NA}$ of 17

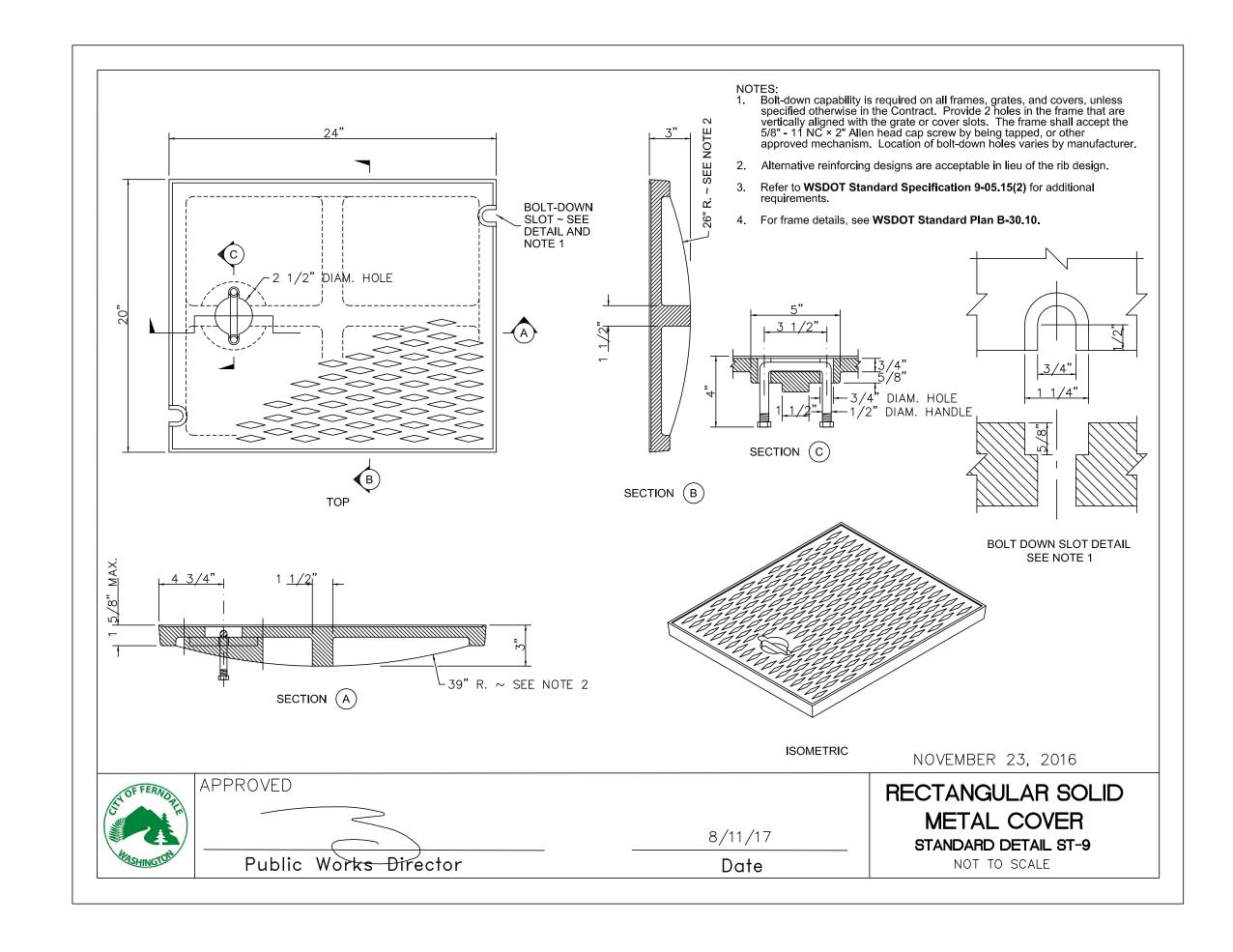


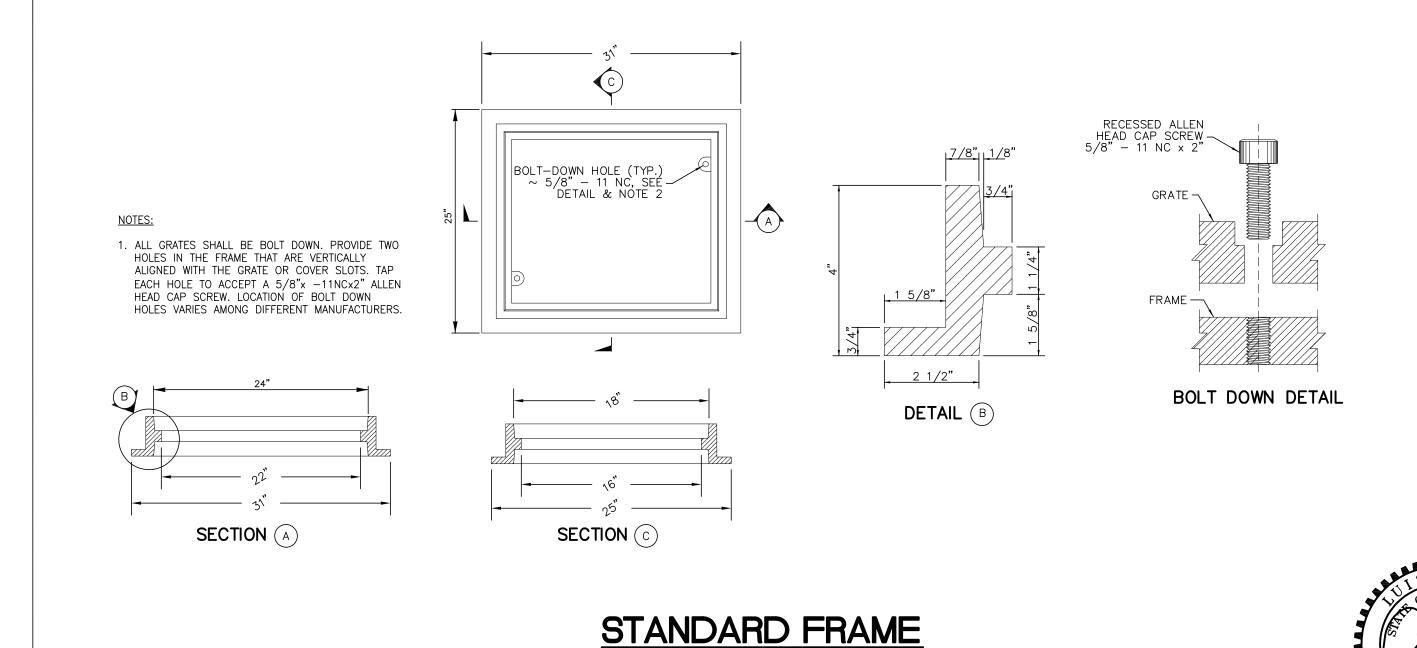


1. ALL GRATES SHALL BE BOLT DOWN. PROVIDE TWO SLOTS IN THE GRATE THAT ARE VERTICALLY ALIGNED WITH THE HOLES IN THE FRAME. LOCATION OF BOLT DOWN SLOTS VARIES AMONG DIFFERENT MANUFACTURERS.

2. THE THICKNESS OF THE GRATE SHALL NOT EXCEED 1-5/8".

HERRINGBONE GRATE





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DESCRIPTION

CITY OF FERNDALE

2095 MAIN STREET

FERNDALE, WA 98248

CHERRY STREET FIRST TO THIRD AVENUE SIDEWALK PROJECT SCHEDULE A AND B

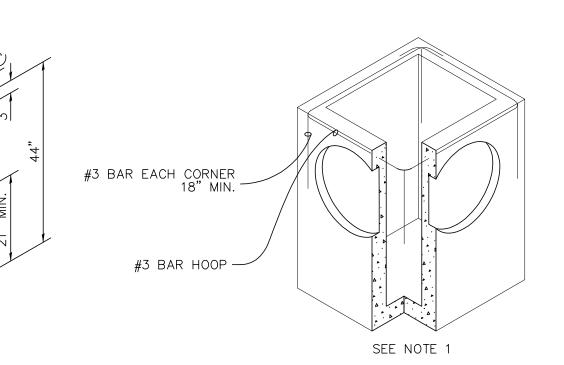
DETAILS STORM 1

G 17009 DETAILS.DWG 6/13/2018 17009 $H: \mathbf{NA}$ V: NA

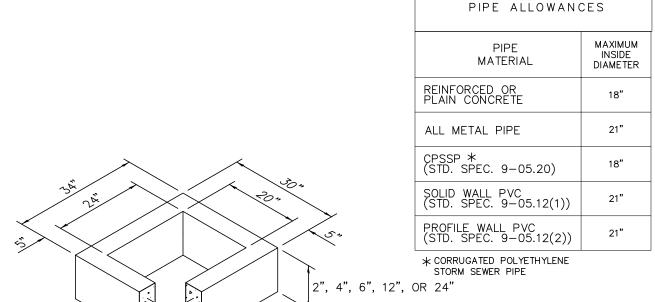
of 17

NOTES

- 1. AS ACCEPTABLE ALTERNATIVES TO THE REBAR SHOWN IN THE PRECAST BASE SECTION, FIBERS (PLACED ACCORDING TO THE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS), OR WIRE MESH HAVING A MINIMUM AREA OF 0.12 SQUARE INCHES PER FOOT SHALL BE USED WITH THE MINIMUM REQUIRED REBAR SHOWN IN THE ALTERNATIVE PRECAST BASE SECTION. WIRE MESH SHALL NOT BE PLACED IN THE
- 2. THE KNOCKOUT DIAMETER SHALL NOT BE GREATER THAN 20". KNOCKOUTS SHALL HAVE A WALL THICKNESS OF 2" MINIMUM TO 2.5" MAXIMUM. PROVIDE A 1.5" MINIMUM GAP BETWEEN THE KNOCKOUT WALL AND THE OUTSIDE OF THE PIPE. AFTER THE PIPE IS INSTALLED, FILL THE GAP WITH JOINT MORTAR IN ACCORDANCE WITH STANDARD SPECIFICATION 9-04.3.
- 3. THE MAXIMUM DEPTH FROM THE FINISHED GRADE TO THE LOWEST PIPE INVERT SHALL BE 5'.
- 4. THE FRAME AND GRATE MAY BE INSTALLED WITH THE FLANGE UP OR DOWN. THE FRAME MAY BE CAST INTO THE ADJUSTMENT SECTION.
- 5. THE PRECAST BASE SECTION MAY HAVE A ROUNDED FLOOR, AND THE WALLS MAY BE SLOPED AT A RATE OF 1:24 OR STEEPER.
- 6. THE OPENING SHALL BE MEASURED AT THE TOP OF THE PRECAST BASE SECTION.7. ALL PICKUP HOLES SHALL BE GROUTED FULL AFTER THE BASIN HAS BEEN PLACED.



CATCH BASIN TYPE 1

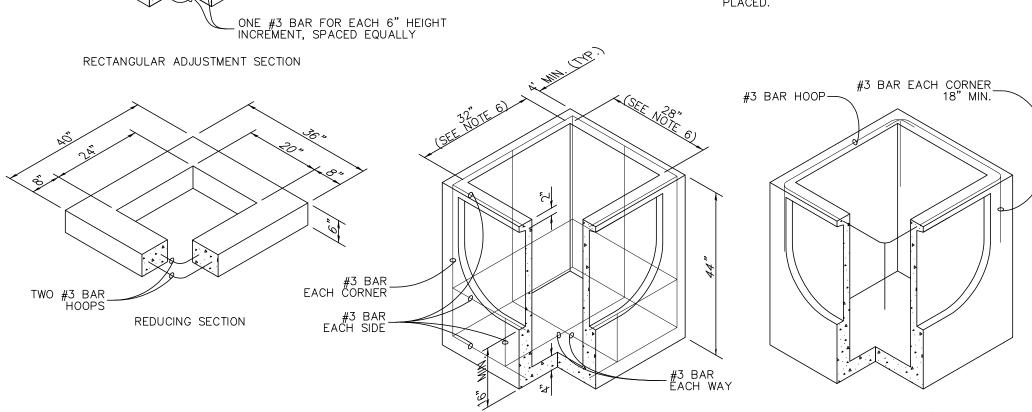


NOTE

1. AS ACCEPTABLE ALTERNATIVES TO THE REBAR SHOWN IN THE PRECAST BASE SECTION, FIBERS (PLACED ACCORDING TO THE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS), OR WIRE MESH HAVING A MINIMUM AREA OF 0.12 SQUARE INCHES PER FOOT, SHALL BE USED WITH THE MINIMUM REQUIRED REBAR SHOWN IN THE ALTERNATIVE PRECAST BASE SECTION. WIRE MESH SHALL NOT BE PLACED IN THE KNOCKOUTS.

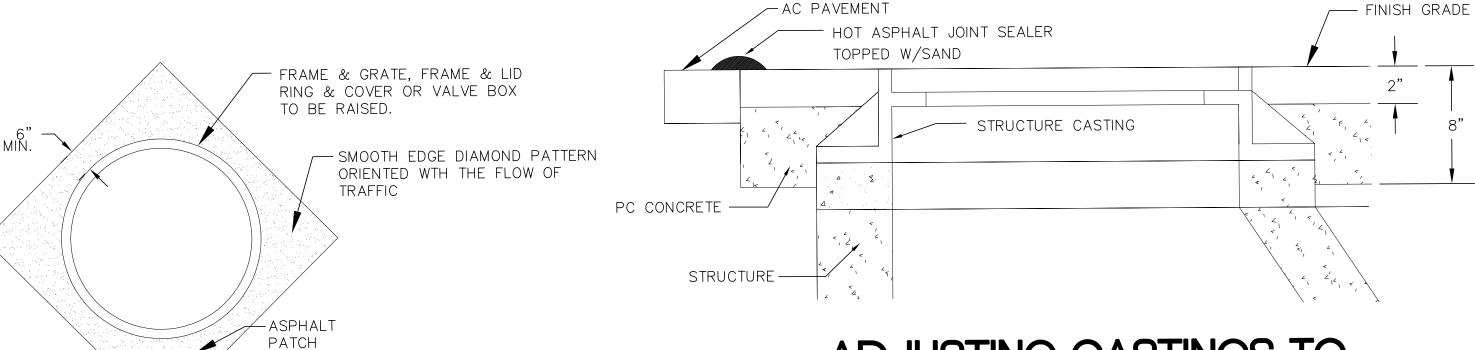
- 2. THE KNOCKOUT SHALL NOT BE GREATER THAN 26", IN ANY DIRECTION. KNOCKOUTS SHALL HAVE A WALL THICKNESS OF 2" MINIMUM TO 2.5" MAXIMUM. PROVIDE A 1.5" MINIMUM GAP BETWEEN THE KNOCKOUT WALL AND THE OUTSIDE OF THE PIPE. AFTER THE PIPE IS INSTALLED, FILL THE GAP WITH JOINT MORTAR IN ACCORDANCE WITH STANDARD SPECIFICATION 9-04.3.
- 3. THE MAXIMUM DEPTH FROM THE FINISHED GRADE TO THE LOWEST PIPE INVERT SHALL BE 5'.
- 4. THE FRAME AND GRATE MAY BE INSTALLED WITH THE FLANGE DOWN OR INTEGRALLY CAST INTO THE ADJUSTMENT SECTION WITH FLANGE UP.
- 5. THE PRECAST BASE SECTION MAY HAVE A ROUNDED FLOOR, AND THE WALLS MAY BE SLOPED AT A RATE OF 1:24 OR STEEPER.
- 6. THE OPENING SHALL BE MEASURED AT THE TOP OF THE PRECAST BASE SECTION.
- 7. ALL PICKUP HOLES SHALL BE GROUTED FULL AFTER THE BASIN HAS BEEN

ALTERNATIVE PRECAST BASE SECTION



PRECAST BASE SECTION

CATCH BASIN TYPE 1L



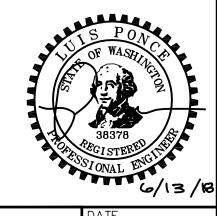
ADJUSTING CASTINGS TO FINISHED GRADE

DESCRIPTION

NOTES:

- ALL FRAMES, COVERS AND VALVE BOXES SHALL BE ADJUSTED TO FINISHED GRADE AFTER THE FINAL LIFT OF PAVING HAS BEEN COMPLETED. THE
- FOLLOWING PROCEDURE SHALL BE USED:

 1. CUT THE ASPHALT IN A DIAMOND AROUND THE STRUCTURE CASTING
 TO BE ADJUSTED.
- 2. REMOVE THE FILL MATERIAL WITHIN THE CUT PAVEMENT AREA TO 8 INCHES MIN. BELOW FINISH GRADE.
- 3. PLACE THE CASTING AT FINISH GRADE.
- 4. PLACE PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE TO WITHIN THE TOP 2 INCHES OF FINISH GRADE.
- 5. APPLY TACK TO THE STRUCTURE CASTING, CUT PAVEMENT, AND PC CONCRETE.
- 6. PLACE AND COMPACT 2 INCHES OF COMMERCIAL HMA TO FINISH GRADE.
- 7. SEAL PAVEMENT JOINTS WITH HOT ASPHALT JOINT SEALER AND TOP WITH SAND.



BID SET

#3 BAR EACH CORNER

#3 BAR EACH SIDE

#3 BAR EACH WAY —

DESIGNED BY
OAM
DRAWN BY
PJC
CHECKED BY

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813 Metcalf Street, Sedro-Woolley, WA 98284 (360) 855-1713

NO. DATE

CITY OF FERNDALE 2095 MAIN STREET FERNDALE, WA 98248 CHERRY STREET
FIRST TO THIRD AVENUE SIDEWALK PROJECT
SCHEDULE A AND B

DETAILS STORM 2

JOB# SCALE
H: NA

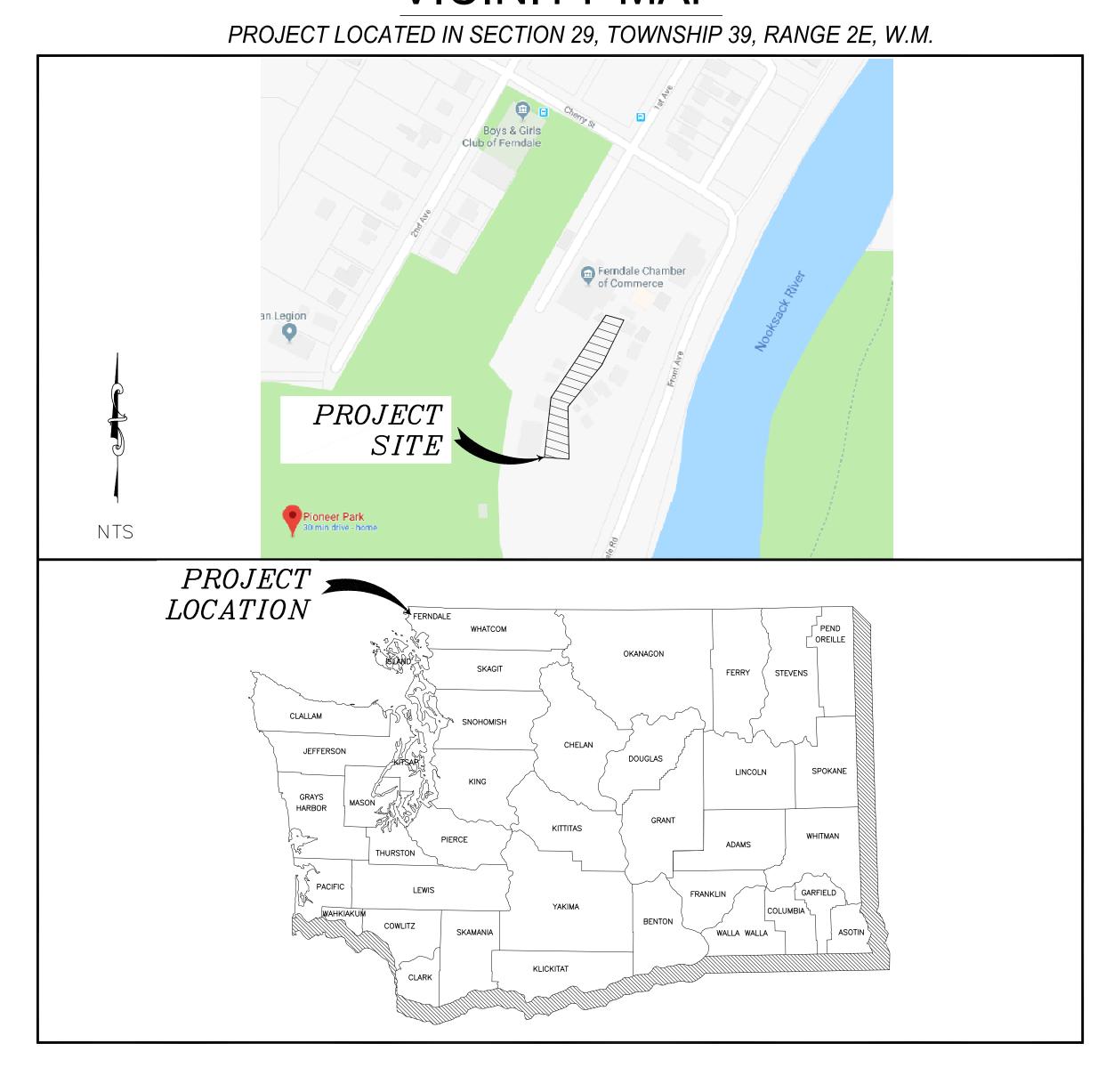
SHEET 17 of 17

PIONTER PARK SIDEWALK PROJECT

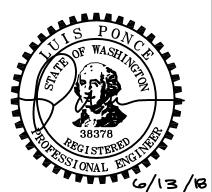
FERNDALE, WASHINGTON

CITY OF FERNDALE - PROJECT NO. PA2018-01 (SCHEDULE C)

VICINITY MAP



SHEET SERIES INDEX		
SHEET	DESCRIPTION	
1	COVER	
2	LEGEND	
3	EX COND, DEMO, TESC	
4	SIDEWALK AND RESTORATION PLANS	
5 GRADING PLAN		
6 TESC DETAILS		
7	DETAILS	



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CITY OF FERNDALE 2095 MAIN ST			
FERNDALE, WA 98248	ВҮ	DESCRIPTION	DATE

8007 COV	DATE 6/13/2018		
18007	SCALE H: NA	v: NA	SHEET 1 of 7

LEGEND

LINET	YPE:

- — — TE	. — — —	— тв —	= EXISTING	G TOP OF BANK
— — BE	3 — — —	— вв —	= EXISTING	G BOTTOM OF BANK
			= EXISTING	G DITCH Q
			= EXISTING	G GRADE BREAK
	- 95		= EXISTING	G MAJOR CONTOUR
	- 95 — <i>—</i> -		= EXISTING	G MINOR CONTOUR
			= EXISTING	G GUARDRAIL
X	X	X	= EXISTING	G FENCE
0	- O	 0	= EXISTING	G HANDRAIL
			= EXISTING	G GRAVEL
			= EXISTING	G WALL
/////	////	////	= EXISTING	G BUILDING
			= EXISTING	G PROPERTY BOUNDARY
			= EXISTING	G RIGHT OF WAY
			= EXISTING	G RIGHT OF WAY &
			= EXISTING	G EASEMENT
			= EXISTING	G SECTION LINE
			= EXISTING	G ROAD Q
			= EXISTING	G WETLANDS BOUNDARY
			= EXISTING	G STRIPE
			= EXISTING	G EDGE OF PAVEMENT
			= EXISTING	G FLOWLINE
			= EXISTING	G TOP BACK OF CURB
			= EXISTING	G SIDEWALK
- — — —UG	P— — —	—UGP—	= EXISTING	G BURIED POWER
				G OVERHEAD POWER
				G BURIED COMMUNICATIONS
- — — OH	C— — —	—OHC—	= EXISTING	G OVERHEAD COMMUNICATIONS
				G BURIED FIBER OPTICS
				G BURIED TV
				G BURIED TELEPHONE
C				
G				
				G WATER MAIN
				G IRRIGATION LINE
				G SANITARY SEWER FORCE MAIN
				G SANITARY SEWER
				G STORM DRAIN
				G ORDINARY HIGH WATER
				G RR TRACKS
		K		G CULVERT
· A			= EXISTING	G TREE LINE
A. P Da		Δ	= EXISTING	G CONCRETE
		ч ч	- FYISTINI	G WETLAND

EXISTING

PROPOSED	
— — — ТВ — — — ТВ —	= PROPOSED TOP OF BANK
— — — BB — — — BB —	
	= PROPOSED DITCH ©
	= PROPOSED GRADE BREAK
95	
95	
xxx	
~~~~~~~~~	
	= PROPOSED GRAVEL
	= PROPOSED WALL
<i></i>	= PROPOSED BUILDING
	= PROPOSED PAVEMENT VALLEY
	= PROPOSED RIGHT OF WAY
· ·	= PROPOSED CONSTRUCTION EASEMENT
	= PROPOSED ROAD &
	= PROPOSED SAWCUT
	= PROPOSED STRIPE
	= PROPOSED EDGE OF PAVEMENT
	= PROPOSED CURB AND GUTTER
	= PROPOSED PATH
	= PROPOSED SIDEWALK
UGP	= PROPOSED BURIED POWER
——————————————————————————————————————	= PROPOSED OVERHEAD POWER
TS	= PROPOSED TRAFFIC SIGNAL CONDUCTOR
F0	= PROPOSED FIBER OPTICS
UGC	= PROPOSED BURIED COMMUNICATIONS
OHC	= PROPOSED OVERHEAD COMMUNICATIONS
— x x x x	= PROPOSED SILT FENCE
c	= PROPOSED CONDUIT
IRR	= PROPOSED IRRIGATION LINE
w	= PROPOSED WATER MAIN
FM	= PROPOSED SANITARY SEWER FORCE MAIN
ss	= PROPOSED SANITARY SEWER
SD	= PROPOSED STORM DRAIN
××	= PROPOSED CULVERT
~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	= PROPOSED TREE/SHRUB LINE
	= PROPOSED CONC. SIDEWALK/DRIVEWAY
	= PROPOSED INFILTRATION TRENCH
	= PROPOSED INFILTRATION FILTER MEDIA
	= PROPOSED GRIND
	= PROPOSED DEMOLITION AREA
	= PROPOSED ASPHALT

= PROPOSED RIGHT OF WAY TAKE

### **SYMBOLS**

	=	EXISTING	SIGNAL POLE
	=	EXISTING	SIGNAL POLE W/ LUMINARE
$\rightarrow$	=	EXISTING	STREET LIGHT ASSEMBLY
X	=	EXISTING	YARD LIGHT
<del></del>	=	EXISTING	GUY WIRE
	=	EXISTING	GAS METER
$\qquad \qquad \qquad \!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	=	EXISTING	GAS VALVE
Δ	=	EXISTING	TRANSFORMER PAD
Р	=	EXISTING	POWER VAULT
$\boxtimes$	=	EXISTING	JBOX
	=	EXISTING	SOIL BORING LOCATION
ſB□	=	EXISTING	MAIL BOX
r	=	EXISTING	WATER SPIGOT
Ŷ	=	EXISTING	WATER BLOW OFF
$\boxplus$	=	EXISTING	WATER METER
$\bowtie$	=	EXISTING	WATER VALVE
<del>-</del>	=	EXISTING	FIRE HYDRANT
	=	EXISTING	TRAFFIC SIGNAL VAULT
	=	EXISTING	SEWER MANHOLE
	=	EXISTING	STORM AREA DRAIN
	=	EXISTING	STORM DRAIN CATCH BASIN TYPE I/INLE
	=	EXISTING	STORM DRAIN CATCH BASIN TYPE II
Ø	=	EXISTING	UTILITY POLE
•	=	EXISTING	MONITORING WELL
0	=	EXISTING	STORM CLEANOUT
0	=	EXISTING	SEWER CLEANOUT
Д	=	EXISTING	SIGN
	=	EXISTING	TELEPHONE PEDESTAL
С	=	EXISTING	COMMUNICATIONS VAULT
<del>-</del>	=	EXISTING	BENCH MARK
×	=	EXISTING	NAIL AND SHINER
0	=	EXISTING	IRON PIPE
$\oplus$	=	EXISTING	MONUMENT (IN CASE)
	=	EXISTING	MONUMENT (SURFACE)
$\triangle$	=	EXISTING	ANGLE POINT
	=	EXISTING	ROCK WALL
	=	EXISTING	TREE STUMP
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			

= EXISTING SHRUB

= EXISTING TREE

EXISTING

### PROPOSED = PROPOSED STORM AREA DRAIN = PROPOSED COUPLER = PROPOSED WATER METER = PROPOSED WATER VALVE = PROPOSED STORM DRAIN CATCH BASIN TYPE II = PROPOSED SANITARY SEWER MANHOLE = PROPOSED STORM DRAIN CATCH BASIN TYPE I/INLET = PROPOSED HYDRANT = PROPOSED UTILITY POLE = PROPOSED JBOX (TYPE I, II, III) = PROPOSED MONITORING WELL = PROPOSED STORM CLEANOUT = PROPOSED SANITARY SEWER CLEAN OUT = PROPOSED SIGN = FLOW ARROW = PROPOSED ROCK WALL = PROPOSED TREE = SECTION MARK

### **ABBREVIATIONS**

Δ	= DELTA	EVCE	= END VERTICAL CURVE ELEVATION	MIN	= MINIMUM	ROW	= RIGHT OF WAY
Ø	= DIAMETER	EVLS	= END VERTICAL CURVE STATION	MJ	= MECHANICAL JOINT	RT	= RIGHT
AC	= ASBESTOS CEMENT	EX, EXIST	= EXISTING	MOD	= MODIFIED	S	= SOUTH
AD	= ALGEBRAIC DIFFERENCE	IR	= EXISTING IRRIGATION	MON	= MONUMENT	SCH	= SCHEDULE
ASPH	= ASPHALT	F&C	= FRAME & COVER	MPOC	= MID-POINT ON CURVE	SD	= STORM DRAIN
BLDG	= BUILDING	F&G	= FRAME & GRATE	MTR	= METER	SDCB	= STORM DRAIN CATCH BASIN
BVCE	= BEGIN VERTICAL CURVE ELEVATION	FF	= FINISHED FLOOR	MW	= MONITORING WELL	SDMH	= STORM DRAIN MANHOLE
BVCS	= BEGIN VERTICAL CURVE STATION	FG	= FINISHED GRADE	N	= NORTH	SE	= SOUTHEAST
C&G	= CURB & GUTTER	F_	= FLOWLINE	N/A	= NOT APPLICABLE	SN	= EXISTING SIGN
CATV	= CABLE TELEVISION	FL	= FLANGE	ŇE	= NORTHEAST	SP	= STANDARD PLAN
CDF	= CONTROLLED DENSITY FILL	FND	= FOUND	NW	= NORTHWEST	SSMH	= SANITARY SEWER MANHOLE
<b>©</b>	= CENTERLINE	FT	= FEET	NTS	= NOT TO SCALE	STA	= STATION
CL	= CLASS	FT/FT	= FEET PER FOOT	oc	= ON CENTER	STD	= STANDARD
CMP	= CORRUGATED METAL PIPE	GÁLV	= GALVANIZED	PVMNT	= PAVEMENT	SW	= SOUTHWEST
CMU	= CONCRETE MASONRY UNIT	GRVL	= GRAVEL	PC	= POINT OF CURVATURE	TBC	= TOP BACK OF CONCRETE
COMP	= COMPACTED	GV	= GATE VALVE	PCC	= POINT OF COMPOUND CURVATURE,	TEL	= TELEPHONE
CON	= CONIFER	HDPE	= HIGH DENSITY POLYETHYLENE		PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE	TL	= TRAFFIC LOOP
CONC	= CONCRETE	HMA	= HOT MIX ASPHALT	PED	= PEDESTAL	TYP	= TYPICAL
CONT	= CONTOUR	HP	= HIGH POINT	POC	= POINT ON CURVE	UP	= UTILITY POLE
CPSSP	= CORRUGATED POLYETHYLENE	HYD	= HYDRANT	POSS	= POSSIBLE	UTIL	= UTILITY
	STORM SEWER PIPE	IE, INV	= INVERT ELEVATION	PRC	= POINT OF REVERSE CURVE	VC	= VERTICAL CURVE
CULV	= CULVERT	IW	= INJECTION WELL	PROP	= PROPOSED	VLT	= VAULT
D/W	= DRIVEWAY	L	= LENGTH	PT	= POINT OF TANGENCY	VPC	= VERTICAL POINT OF CURVATURE
DEC	= DECIDUOUS	LDSC	= LANDSCAPING	PVC	= POLYVINYL CHLORIDE	VPI	= VERTICAL POINT OF INTERSECTION
DI	= DUCTILE IRON	LF	= LINEAR FEET	PVI	= POINT OF VERTICAL INTERSECTION	VPT	= VERTICAL POINT OF TANGENCY
E	= EAST	LOC	= LOCATION	PWR	= POWER	W	= WEST
EL	= ELEVATION	LP	= LOW POINT	R	= RADIUS	WM	= WATER METER / WATER MAIN
EOP, EP	= EDGE OF PAVEMENT	LT	= LEFT	R&C	= RING & COVER	WSDOT	= WASHINGTON STATE DEPARTMENT
<b>EQUIV</b>	= EQUIVALENT	MAX	= MAXIMUM	RET	= RETAINING		OF TRANSPORTATION



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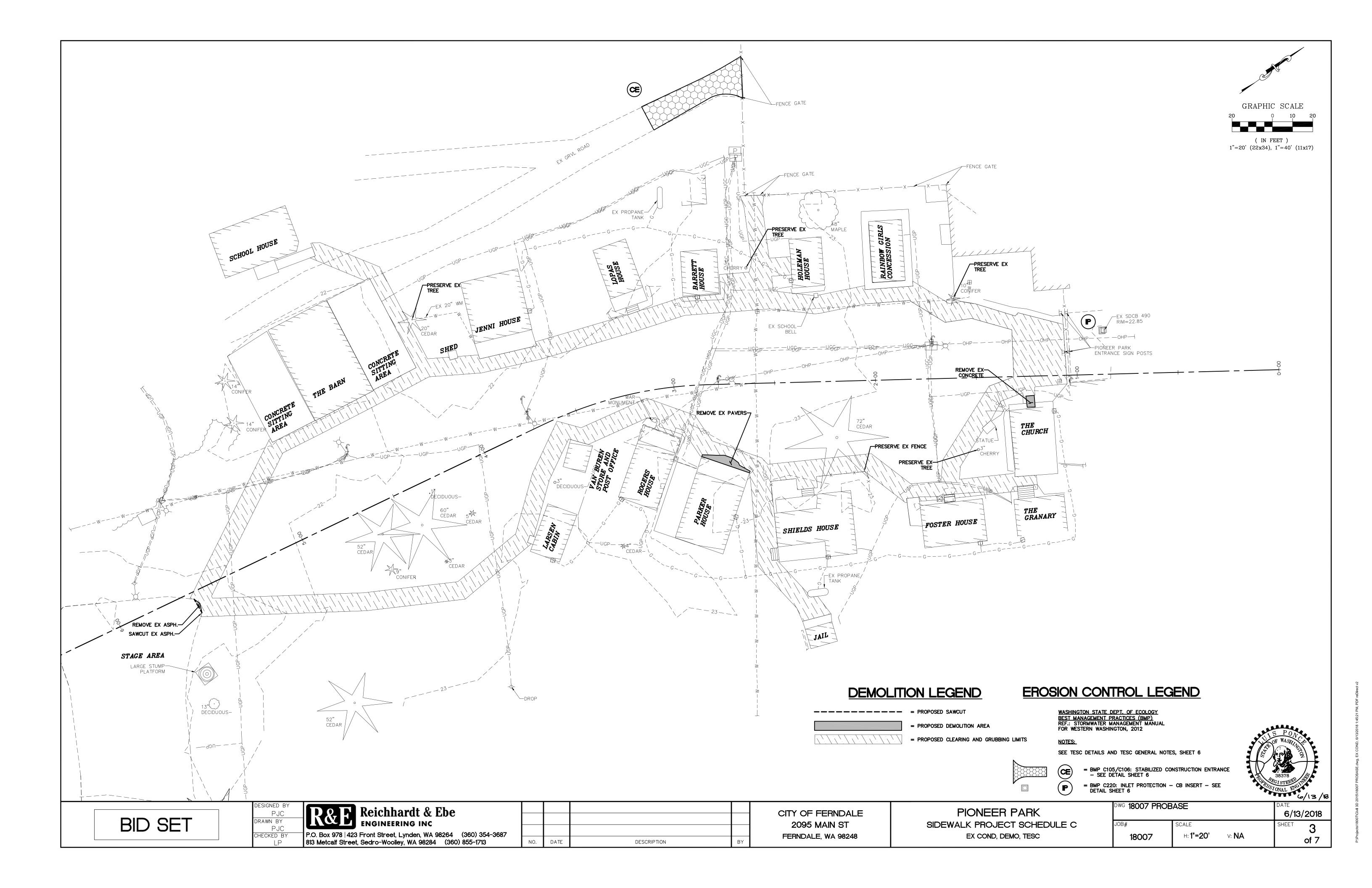


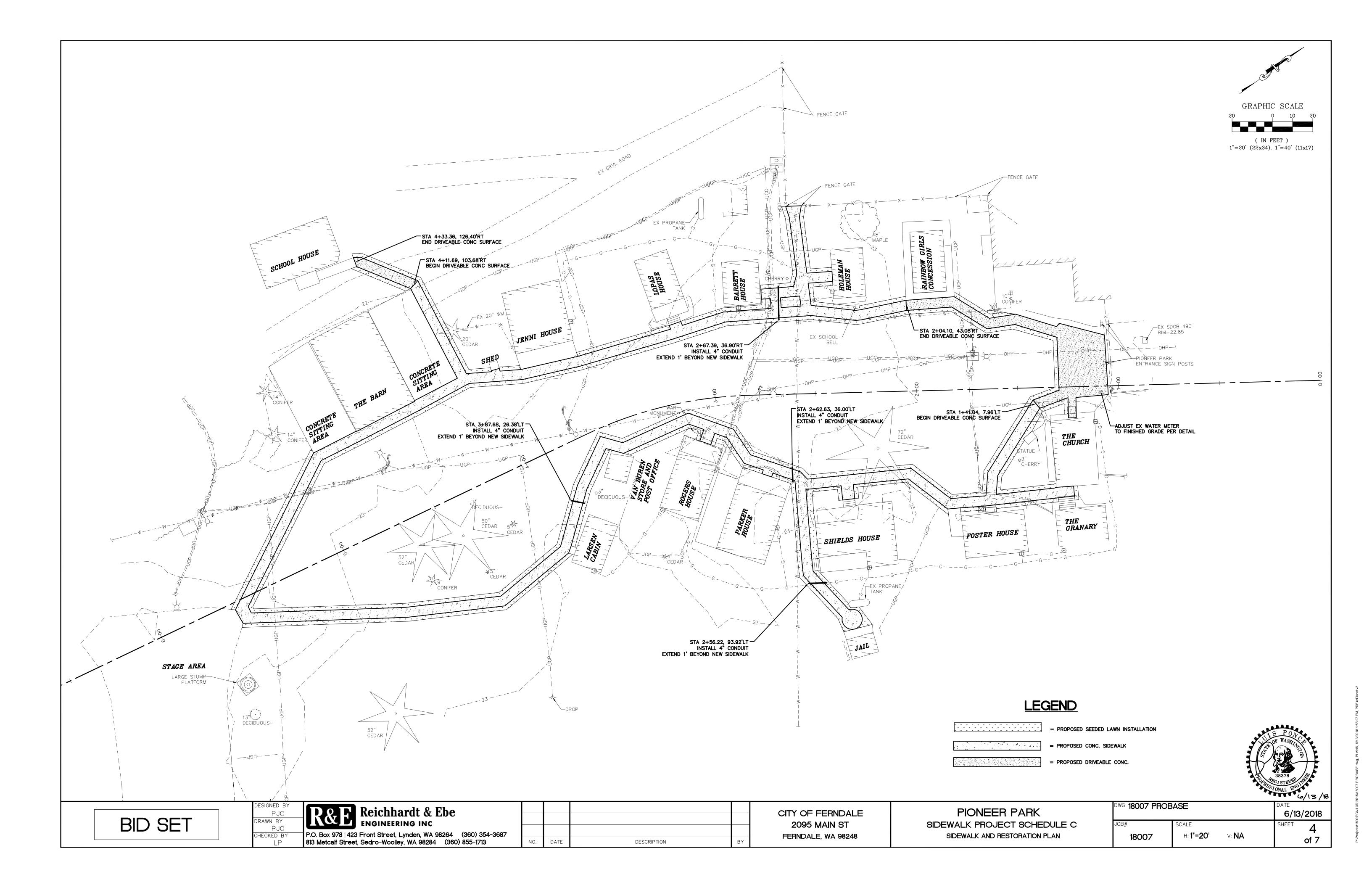
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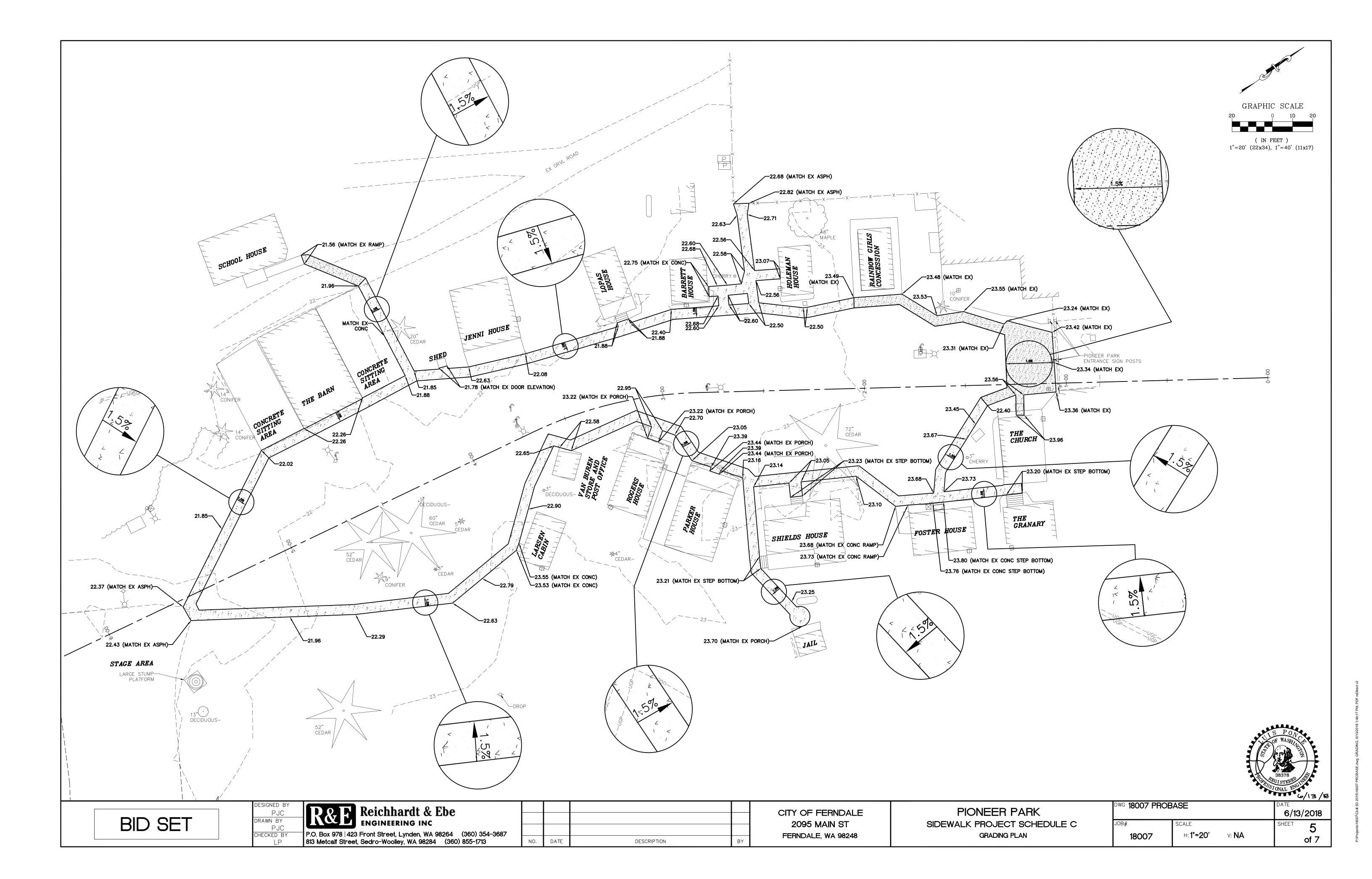


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THIS PLAN PROVIDES THE MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL ADAPT THE PLAN IN ORDER TO PREVENT SEDIMENT LADEN STORM WATER FROM LEAVING THE SITE. THE CONTRACTOR'S CERTIFIED EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL LEAD (CESCL) SHALL UTILIZE THE WASHINGTON STATE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY 2014 STORMWATER MANAGEMENT MANUAL FOR WESTERN WASHINGTON (SWMMWW) FOR SELECTING, INSTALLING AND MAINTAINING THE CORRECT BMP'S BASED OF METHOD OF CONSTRUCTION UTILIZED BY THE CONTRACTOR. ALL ITEM'S SHALL BE OVERSEEN BY A CSECL AND BE SUBJECT TO INSPECTION BY THE ENGINEER.

### ELEMENT 1: PRESERVE VEGETATION/MARK CLEARING LIMITS

- BEFORE BEGINNING LAND DISTURBING ACTIVITIES, INCLUDING CLEARING AND GRADING, CLEARLY MARK ALL CLEARING LIMITS, SENSITIVE AREAS AND THEIR BUFFERS, AND TREES THAT ARE TO BE PRESERVED WITHIN THE CONSTRUCTION
- RETAIN THE DUFF LAYER, NATIVE TOP SOIL, AND NATURAL VEGETATION IN AN UNDISTURBED STATE TO THE MAXIMUM DEGREE PRACTICABLE.
  - BMP C101: PRESERVING NATURAL VEGETATION
  - BMP C102: BUFFER ZONES BMP C103/C233: HIGH VISIBILITY SILT FENCE

### **ELEMENT 2: ESTABLISH CONSTRUCTION ACCESS**

- LIMIT CONSTRUCTION VEHICLE ACCESS AND EXIT TO ONE ROUTE, IF POSSIBLE. • STABILIZE ACCESS POINTS WITH A PAD OF QUARRY SPALLS, CRUSHED ROCK, OR OTHER EQUIVALENT BMPS, TO
- MINIMIZE TRACKING OF SEDIMENT ONTO PUBLIC ROADS. · LOCATE WHEEL WASH OR TIRE BATHS ON SITE, IF THE STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE IS NOT EFFECTIVE IN
- PREVENTING TRACKING SEDIMENT ONTO ROADS. • IF SEDIMENT IS TRACKED OFF SITE, CLEAN THE AFFECTED ROADWAY THOROUGHLY AT THE END OF EACH DAY, OR
- MORE FREQUENTLY AS NECESSARY (FOR EXAMPLE, DURING WET WEATHER). REMOVE SEDIMENT FROM ROADS BY SHOVELING, SWEEPING, OR PICK UP AND TRANSPORT THE SEDIMENT TO A CONTROLLED SEDIMENT DISPOSAL AREA.
- CONDUCT STREET WASHING ONLY AFTER SEDIMENT IS REMOVED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ABOVE BULLET. • CONTROL STREET WASH WASTEWATER BY PUMPING BACK ON-SITE, OR OTHERWISE PREVENT IT FROM DISCHARGING INTO SYSTEMS TRIBUTARY TO WATERS OF THE STATE.

### BMP C105: STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE/EXIT BMP C107: CONSTRUCTION ROAD/PARKING AREA STABILIZATION

- PROTECT PROPERTIES AND WATERWAYS DOWNSTREAM OF DEVELOPMENT SITES FROM EROSION AND THE ASSOCIATED DISCHARGE OF TURBID WATERS DUE TO INCREASES IN THE VELOCITY AND PEAK VOLUMETRIC FLOW RATE OF
- STORMWATER RUNOFF FROM THE PROJECT SITE. • WHERE NECESSARY TO COMPLY WITH THE BULLET ABOVE, CONSTRUCT STORMWATER RETENTION OR DETENTION FACILITIES AS ONE OF THE FIRST STEPS IN GRADING. ASSURE THAT DETENTION FACILITIES FUNCTION PROPERLY BEFORE CONSTRUCTING SITE IMPROVEMENTS (E.G. IMPERVIOUS SURFACES).
- IF PERMANENT INFILTRATION PONDS ARE USED FOR FLOW CONTROL DURING CONSTRUCTION, PROTECT THESE FACILITIES FROM SILTATION DURING THE CONSTRUCTION PHASE. BMP C208: TRIANGULAR SILT DIKE (GEOTEXTILE-ENCASED CHECK DAM)

### **ELEMENT 4: INSTALL SEDIMENT CONTROLS**

**ELEMENT 3: CONTROL FLOW RATES** 

- DESIGN, INSTALL, AND MAINTAIN EFFECTIVE EROSION CONTROLS AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS TO MINIMIZE THE DISCHARGE OF POLLUTANTS.
- CONSTRUCT SEDIMENT CONTROL BMPS (SEDIMENT PONDS, TRAPS, FILTERS, ETC.) AS ONE OF THE FIRST STEPS IN GRADING. THESE BMPS SHALL BE FUNCTIONAL BEFORE OTHER LAND DISTURBING ACTIVITIES TAKE PLACE.
- MINIMIZE SEDIMENT DISCHARGES FROM THE SITE. THE DESIGN, INSTALLATION AND MAINTENANCE OF EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS MUST ADDRESS FACTORS SUCH AS THE AMOUNT, FREQUENCY, INTENSITY AND DURATION OF PRECIPITATION, THE NATURE OF RESULTING STORMWATER RUNOFF, AND SOIL CHARACTERISTICS, INCLUDING THE RANGE
- OF SOIL PARTICLE SIZES EXPECTED TO BE PRESENT ON THE SITE. • DIRECT STORMWATER RUNOFF FROM DISTURBED AREAS THROUGH A SEDIMENT POND OR OTHER APPROPRIATE SEDIMENT REMOVAL BMP, BEFORE THE RUNOFF LEAVES A CONSTRUCTION SITE OR BEFORE DISCHARGE TO AN INFILTRATION FACILITY. RUNOFF FROM FULLY STABILIZED AREAS MAY BE DISCHARGED WITHOUT A SEDIMENT REMOVAL BMP, BUT MUST MEET THE FLOW CONTROL PERFORMANCE STANDARD IN ELEMENT #3, BULLET #1.
- . LOCATE BMPS INTENDED TO TRAP SEDIMENT ON-SITE IN A MANNER TO AVOID INTERFERENCE WITH THE MOVEMENT OF JUVENILE SALMONIDS ATTEMPTING TO ENTER OFF-CHANNEL AREAS OR DRAINAGES.
- WHERE FEASIBLE, DESIGN OUTLET STRUCTURES THAT WITHDRAW IMPOUNDED STORMWATER FROM THE SURFACE TO AVOID DISCHARGING SEDIMENT THAT IS STILL SUSPENDED LOWER IN THE WATER COLUMN. BMP C208: TRIANGULAR SILT DIKE (GEOTEXTILE-ENCASED CHECK DAM)

### BMP C233: SILT FENCE

- **ELEMENT 5: STABILIZE SOILS** • STABILIZE EXPOSED AND UNWORKED SOILS BY APPLICATION OF EFFECTIVE BMPS THAT PREVENT EROSION. APPLICABLE BMPS INCLUDE, BUT ARE NOT LIMITED TO: TEMPORARY AND PERMANENT SEEDING, SODDING, MULCHING, PLASTIC COVERING, EROSION CONTROL FABRICS AND MATTING, SOIL APPLICATION OF POLYACRYLAMIDE (PAM), THE EARLY APPLICATION OF GRAVEL BASE EARLY ON AREAS TO BE PAVED, AND DUST CONTROL.
- CONTROL STORMWATER VOLUME AND VELOCITY WITHIN THE SITE TO MINIMIZE SOIL EROSION. • CONTROL STORMWATER DISCHARGES, INCLUDING BOTH PEAK FLOW RATES AND TOTAL STORMWATER VOLUME, TO
- MINIMIZE EROSION AT OUTLETS AND TO MINIMIZE DOWNSTREAM CHANNEL AND STREAM BANK EROSION. • SOILS MUST NOT REMAIN EXPOSED AND UNWORKED FOR MORE THAN THE TIME PERIODS SET FORTH BELOW TO
- •• DURING THE DRY SEASON (MAY 1 SEPT. 30): 7 DAYS
- •• DURING THE WET SEASON (OCTOBER 1 APRIL 30): 2 DAYS • STABILIZE SOILS AT THE END OF THE SHIFT BEFORE A HOLIDAY OR WEEKEND IF NEEDED BASED ON THE WEATHER FORFCAST
- STABILIZE SOIL STOCKPILES FROM EROSION, PROTECTED WITH SEDIMENT TRAPPING MEASURES, AND WHERE POSSIBLE. BE LOCATED AWAY FROM STORM DRAIN INLETS, WATERWAYS AND DRAINAGE CHANNELS.
- MINIMIZE THE AMOUNT OF SOIL EXPOSED DURING CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY • MINIMIZE THE DISTURBANCE OF STEEP SLOPES.
- MINIMIZE SOIL COMPACTION AND, UNLESS INFEASIBLE, PRESERVE TOPSOIL. BMP C120: TEMPORARY AND PERMANENT SEEDING
  - BMP C123: PLASTIC COVERING (AS NEEDED)
  - BMP C130: SURFACE ROUGHENING BMP C140: DUST CONTROL

### ELEMENT 6: PROTECT SLOPES

- DESIGN AND CONSTRUCT CUT-AND-FILL SLOPES IN A MANNER TO MINIMIZE EROSION. APPLICABLE PRACTICES INCLUDE, BUT ARE NOT LIMITED TO, REDUCING CONTINUOUS LENGTH OF SLOPE WITH TERRACING AND DIVERSIONS, REDUCING SLOPE STEEPNESS, AND ROUGHENING SLOPE SURFACES (FOR EXAMPLE, TRACK WALKING).
- DIVERT OFF-SITE STORMWATER (RUN-ON) OR GROUND WATER AWAY FROM SLOPES AND DISTURBED AREAS WITH INTERCEPTOR DIKES, PIPES AND/OR SWALES. OFF-SITE STORMWATER SHOULD BE MANAGED SEPARATELY FROM STORMWATER GENERATED ON THE SITE.
- AT THE TOP OF SLOPES, COLLECT DRAINAGE IN PIPE SLOPE DRAINS OR PROTECTED CHANNELS TO PREVENT EROSION. • TEMPORARY PIPE SLOPE DRAINS MUST HANDLE THE PEAK VOLUMETRIC FLOW RATE CALCULATED USING A 10-MINUTE TIME STEP FROM A TYPE 1A, 10-YEAR, 24-HOUR FREQUENCY STORM FOR THE DEVELOPED CONDITION, ALTERNATIVELY, THE 10-YEAR AND 1-HOUR FLOW RATE PREDICTED BY AN APPROVED CONTINUOUS RUNOFF MODEL, INCREASED BY A FACTOR OF 1.6, MAY BE USED. THE HYDROLOGIC ANALYSIS MUST USE THE EXISTING LAND COVER CONDITION FOR PREDICTING FLOW RATES FROM TRIBUTARY AREAS OUTSIDE THE PROJECT LIMITS. FOR TRIBUTARY AREAS ON THE PROJECT SITE, THE ANALYSIS MUST USE THE TEMPORARY OR PERMANENT PROJECT LAND COVER CONDITION, WHICHEVER WILL PRODUCE THE HIGHEST FLOW RATES. IF USING THE WESTERN WASHINGTON HYDROLOGY MODEL (WWHM)
- TO PREDICT FLOWS, BARE SOIL AREAS SHOULD BE MODELED AS "LANDSCAPED" AREA. • PLACE EXCAVATED MATERIAL ON THE UPHILL SIDE OF TRENCHES, CONSISTENT WITH SAFETY AND SPACE
- PLACE CHECK DAMS AT REGULAR INTERVALS WITHIN CONSTRUCTED CHANNELS THAT ARE CUT DOWN A SLOPE. BMP C120: TEMPORARY AND PERMANENT SEEDING

### BMP C130: SURFACE ROUGHENING

### **ELEMENT 7: PROTECT DRAIN INLETS**

• PROTECT ALL STORM DRAIN INLETS MADE OPERABLE DURING CONSTRUCTION SO THAT STORMWATER RUNOFF SHALL NOT ENTER THE CONVEYANCE SYSTEM WITHOUT FIRST BEING FILTERED OR TREATED TO REMOVE SEDIMENT. • CLEAN OR REMOVE AND REPLACE INLET PROTECTION DEVICES WHEN SEDIMENT HAS FILLED ONE-THIRD OF THE AVAILABLE STORAGE (UNLESS A DIFFERENT STANDARD IS SPECIFIED BY THE PRODUCT MANUFACTURER). BMP C220: STORM DRAIN INLET PROTECTION

### ELEMENT 8: STABILIZE CHANNELS AND OUTLETS

- DESIGN, CONSTRUCT, AND STABILIZE ALL ON-SITE CONVEYANCE CHANNELS TO PREVENT EROSION FROM THE FOLLOWING EXPECTED PEAK FLOWS:
- •• CHANNELS MUST HANDLE THE PEAK VOLUMETRIC FLOW RATE CALCULATED USING A 10-MINUTE STEP FROM A TYPE 1A, 10- YEAR, 24-HOUR FREQUENCY STORM FOR THE DEVELOPED CONDITION. ALTERNATIVELY, THE 10-YEAR, 1-HOUR FLOW RATE INDICATED BY AN APPROVED CONTINUOUS RUNOFF MODEL, INCREASED BY A FACTOR OF 1.6. MAY BE USED. THE HYDROLOGIC ANALYSIS MUST USE THE EXISTING LAND COVER CONDITION FOR PREDICTING FLOW RATES FROM TRIBUTARY AREAS OUTSIDE THE PROJECT LIMITS. FOR TRIBUTARY AREAS ON THE PROJECT SITE, THE ANALYSIS MUST USE THE TEMPORARY OR PERMANENT PROJECT LAND COVER CONDITION, WHICHEVER WILL PRODUCE THE HIGHEST FLOW RATES. IF USING THE WESTERN WASHINGTON HYDROLOGY MODEL (WWHM) TO PREDICT FLOWS, BARE SOIL AREAS SHOULD BE MODELED AS "LANDSCAPED AREA.
- PROVIDE STABILIZATION, INCLUDING ARMORING MATERIAL, ADEQUATE TO PREVENT EROSION OF OUTLETS, ADJACENT STREAM BANKS, SLOPES AND DOWNSTREAM REACHES AT THE OUTLETS OF ALL CONVEYANCE SYSTEMS. BMP C209: OUTLET PROTECTION

### ELEMENT 9: CONTROL POLLUTANTS

- DESIGN, INSTALL, IMPLEMENT AND MAINTAIN EFFECTIVE POLLUTION PREVENTION MEASURES TO MINIMIZE THE DISCHARGE
- OF POLLUTANTS. . HANDLE AND DISPOSE OF ALL POLLUTANTS, INCLUDING WASTE MATERIALS AND DEMOLITION DEBRIS THAT OCCUR ON-SITE IN A MANNER THAT DOES NOT CAUSE CONTAMINATION OF STORMWATER.
- PROVIDE COVER, CONTAINMENT, AND PROTECTION FROM VANDALISM FOR ALL CHEMICALS, LIQUID PRODUCTS, PETROLEUM PRODUCTS, AND OTHER MATERIALS THAT HAVE THE POTENTIAL TO POSE A THREAT TO HUMAN HEALTH OR THE ENVIRONMENT. ON-SITE FUELING TANKS MUST INCLUDE SECONDARY CONTAINMENT. SECONDARY CONTAINMENT MEANS PLACING TANKS OR CONTAINERS WITHIN AN IMPERVIOUS STRUCTURE CAPABLE OF CONTAINING 110% OF THE VOLUME CONTAINED IN THE LARGEST TAKE WITHIN THE CONTAINMENT STRUCTURE. DOUBLE—WALLED TANKS DO NOT REQUIRE ADDITIONAL SECONDARY CONTAINMENT.
- CONDUCT MAINTENANCE, FUELING, AND REPAIR OF HEAVY EQUIPMENT AND VEHICLES USING SPILL PREVENTION AND CONTROL MEASURES. CLEAN CONTAMINATED SURFACES IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING ANY SPILL INCIDENT. • DISCHARGE WHEEL WASH OR TIRE BATH WASTEWATER TO A SEPARATE ON-SITE TREATMENT SYSTEM THAT PREVENTS DISCHARGE TO SURFACE WATER, SUCH AS CLOSED-LOOP RECIRCULATION OR UPLAND APPLICATION, OR TO THE SANITARY SEWER, WITH LOCAL SEWER DISTRICT APPROVAL
- APPLY FERTILIZERS AND PESTICIDES IN A MANNER AND AT APPLICATION RATES THAT WILL NOT RESULT IN LOSS OF CHEMICAL TO STORMWATER RUNOFF. FOLLOW MANUFACTURERS' LABEL REQUIREMENTS FOR APPLICATION RATES AND
- USE BMPS TO PREVENT CONTAMINATION OF STORMWATER RUNOFF BY PH MODIFYING SOURCES. THE SOURCES FOR THIS CONTAMINATION INCLUDE, BUT ARE NOT LIMITED TO: BULK CEMENT, CEMENT KILN DUST, FLY ASH, NEW CONCRETE
- WASHING AND CURING WATERS, WASTE STREAMS GENERATED FROM CONCRETE GRINDING AND SAWING, EXPOSED AGGREGATE PROCESSES, DEWATERING CONCRETE VAULTS, CONCRETE PUMPING AND MIXER WASHOUT WATERS. • ADJUST THE PH OF STORMWATER IF NECESSARY TO PREVENT VIOLATIONS OF WATER QUALITY STANDARDS.
- ASSURE THAT WASHOUT OF CONCRETE TRUCKS IS PERFORMED OFF—SITE OR IN DESIGNATED CONCRETE WASHOUT AREAS ONLY. DO NOT WASH OUT CONCRETE TRUCKS ONTO THE GROUND, OR INTO STORM DRAINS, OPEN DITCHES, STREETS, OR STREAMS. DO NOT DUMP EXCESS CONCRETE ON-SITE, EXCEPT IN DESIGNATED CONCRETE WASHOUT
- AREAS. CONCRETE SPILLAGE OR CONCRETE DISCHARGE TO SURFACE WATERS OF THE STATE IS PROHIBITED. • OBTAIN WRITTEN APPROVAL FROM ECOLOGY BEFORE USING CHEMICAL TREATMENT OTHER THAN CO2 OR DRY ICE TO

### BMP C151: CONCRETE HANDLING BMP C154: CONCRETE WASHOUT

### **ELEMENT 10: CONTROL DE-WATERING**

- DISCHARGE FOUNDATION, VAULT, AND TRENCH DE-WATERING WATER, WHICH HAS SIMILAR CHARACTERISTICS TO STORMWATER RUNOFF AT THE SITE, INTO A CONTROLLED CONVEYANCE SYSTEM BEFORE DISCHARGE TO A SEDIMENT TRAP OR SEDIMENT POND.
- DISCHARGE CLEAN, NON-TURBID DE-WATERING WATER, SUCH AS WELL-POINT GROUND WATER, TO SYSTEMS TRIBUTARY TO, OR DIRECTLY INTO SURFACE WATERS OF THE STATE, AS SPECIFIED IN ELEMENT #8, PROVIDED THE DE-WATERING FLOW DOES NOT CAUSE EROSION OR FLOODING OF RECEIVING WATERS. DO NOT ROUTE CLEAN DEWATERING WATER THROUGH STORMWATER SEDIMENT PONDS. NOTE THAT SURFACE WATERS OF THE STATESMAY EXIST ON A CONSTRUCTION SITE AS WELL AS OFF SITE; FOR EXAMPLE, A CREEK RUNNING THROUGH A SITE.
- HANDLE HIGHLY TURBID OR OTHERWISE CONTAMINATED DEWATERING WATER SEPARATELY FROM STORMWATER. • OTHER TREATMENT OR DISPOSAL OPTIONS MAY INCLUDE: 1. INFILTRATION.
- 2. TRANSPORT OFF-SITE IN A VEHICLE, SUCH AS A VACUUM FLUSH TRUCK, FOR LEGAL DISPOSAL IN A MANNER THAT DOES NOT POLLUTE STATE WATERS. 3. ECOLOGY-APPROVED ON-SITE CHEMICAL TREATMENT OR OTHER SUITABLE TREATMENT TECHNOLOGIES
- 4. SANITARY OR COMBINED SEWER DISCHARGE WITH LOCAL SEWER DISTRICT APPROVAL, IF THERE IS NO OTHER OPTION. 5.USE OF A SEDIMENTATION BAG THAT DISCHARGES TO A DITCH OR SWALE FOR SMALL VOLUMES OF LOCALIZED

### CONTRACTOR TO UTILIZE APPROPRIATE BMPS FROM THE 2012 SWMMWW IF DE-WATERING IS NEEDED

### ELEMENT 11: MAINTAIN BMPS

• MAINTAIN AND REPAIR ALL TEMPORARY AND PERMANENT EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL BMPS AS NEEDED TO ASSURE CONTINUED PERFORMANCE OF THEIR INTENDED FUNCTION IN ACCORDANCE WITH BMP SPECIFICATIONS. • REMOVE ALL TEMPORARY EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL BMPS WITHIN 30 DAYS AFTER ACHIEVING FINAL SITE STABILIZATION OR AFTER THE TEMPORARY BMPS ARE NO LONGER NEEDED.

### BMP C160: CERTIFIED EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL LEAD

### ELEMENT 12: MANAGE THE PROJECT

- PHASE DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS TO THE MAXIMUM DEGREE PRACTICABLE AND TAKE INTO ACCOUNT SEASONAL WORK
- INSPECTION AND MONITORING INSPECT, MAINTAIN AND REPAIR ALL BMPS AS NEEDED TO ASSURE CONTINUED PERFORMANCE OF THEIR INTENDED FUNCTION. PROJECTS REGULATED UNDER THE CONSTRUCTION STORMWATER GENERAL PERMIT MUST CONDUCT SITE INSPECTIONS AND MONITORING IN ACCORDANCE WITH SPECIAL CONDITION S4 OF THE CONSTRUCTION STORMWATER GENERAL PERMIT.
- MAINTAINING AN UPDATED CONSTRUCTION SWPPP MAINTAIN, UPDATE, AND IMPLEMENT THE SWPPP. · PROJECTS THAT DISTURB ONE OR MORE ACRES MUST HAVE SITE INSPECTIONS CONDUCTED BY A CERTIFIED EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL LEAD (CESCL). PROJECT SITES DISTURBING LESS THAN ONE ACRE MAY HAVE A CESCL OR A PERSON WITHOUT CESCL CERTIFICATION CONDUCT INSPECTIONS. BY THE INITIATION OF CONSTRUCTION, THE SWPPP MUST IDENTIFY THE CESCL OR INSPECTOR, WHO MUST BE PRESENT ON-SITE OR ON-CALL AT ALL TIMES.
- THE CESCL OR INSPECTOR (PROJECT SITES LESS THAN ONE ACRE) MUST HAVE THE SKILLS TO ASSESS THE: •• EFFECTIVENESS OF EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES USED TO CONTROL THE QUALITY OF STORMWATER
- DISCHARGES. THE CESCL OR INSPECTOR MUST EXAMINE STORMWATER VISUALLY FOR THE PRESENCE OF SUSPENDED SEDIMENT, TURBIDITY, DISCOLORATION, AND OIL SHEEN. THEY MUST EVALUATE THE EFFECTIVENESS OF BMPS AND DETERMINE IF IT IS NECESSARY TO INSTALL, MAINTAIN, OR REPAIR BMPS TO IMPROVE THE QUALITY OF STORMWATER DISCHARGES. BASED ON THE RESULTS OF THE INSPECTION, CONSTRUCTION SITE OPERATORS MUST CORRECT THE PROBLEMS
- REVIEWING THE SWPPP FOR COMPLIANCE WITH THE 13 CONSTRUCTION SWPPP ELEMENTS AND MAKING APPROPRIATE REVISIONS WITHIN 7 DAYS OF THE INSPECTION. •• IMMEDIATELY BEGINNING THE PROCESS OF FULLY IMPLEMENTING AND MAINTAINING APPROPRIATE SOURCE CONTROL
- AND/OR TREATMENT BMPS AS SOON AS POSSIBLE. ADDRESSING THE PROBLEMS NOT LATER THAN WITHIN 10 DAYS OF THE INSPECTION. IF INSTALLATION OF NECESSARY TREATMENT BMPS IS NOT FEASIBLE WITHIN 10 DAYS, THE CONSTRUCTION SITE OPERATOR MAY REQUEST AN EXTENSION WITHIN THE INITIAL 10-DAY RESPONSE PERIÓD. •• DOCUMENTING BMP IMPLEMENTATION AND MAINTENANCE IN THE SITE LOG BOOK (SITES LARGER THAN 1 ACRE).
- THE CESCL OR INSPECTOR MUST INSPECT ALL AREAS DISTURBED BY CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES, ALL BMPS, AND ALL STORMWATER DISCHARGE POINTS AT LEAST ONCE EVERY CALENDAR WEEK AND WITHIN 24 HOURS OF ANY DISCHARGE FROM THE SITE. (FOR PURPOSES OF THIS CONDITION, INDIVIDUAL DISCHARGE EVENTS THAT LAST MORE THAN ONE DAY DO NOT REQUIRE DAILY INSPECTIONS. FOR EXAMPLE, IF A STORMWATER POND DISCHARGES CONTINUOUSLY OVER THE COURSE OF A WEEK, ONLY ONE INSPECTION IS REQUIRED THAT WEEK.) THE CESCL OR INSPECTOR MAY REDUCE THE INSPECTION FREQUENCY FOR TEMPORARY STABILIZED, INACTIVE SITES TO ONCE EVERY CALENDAR MONTH.

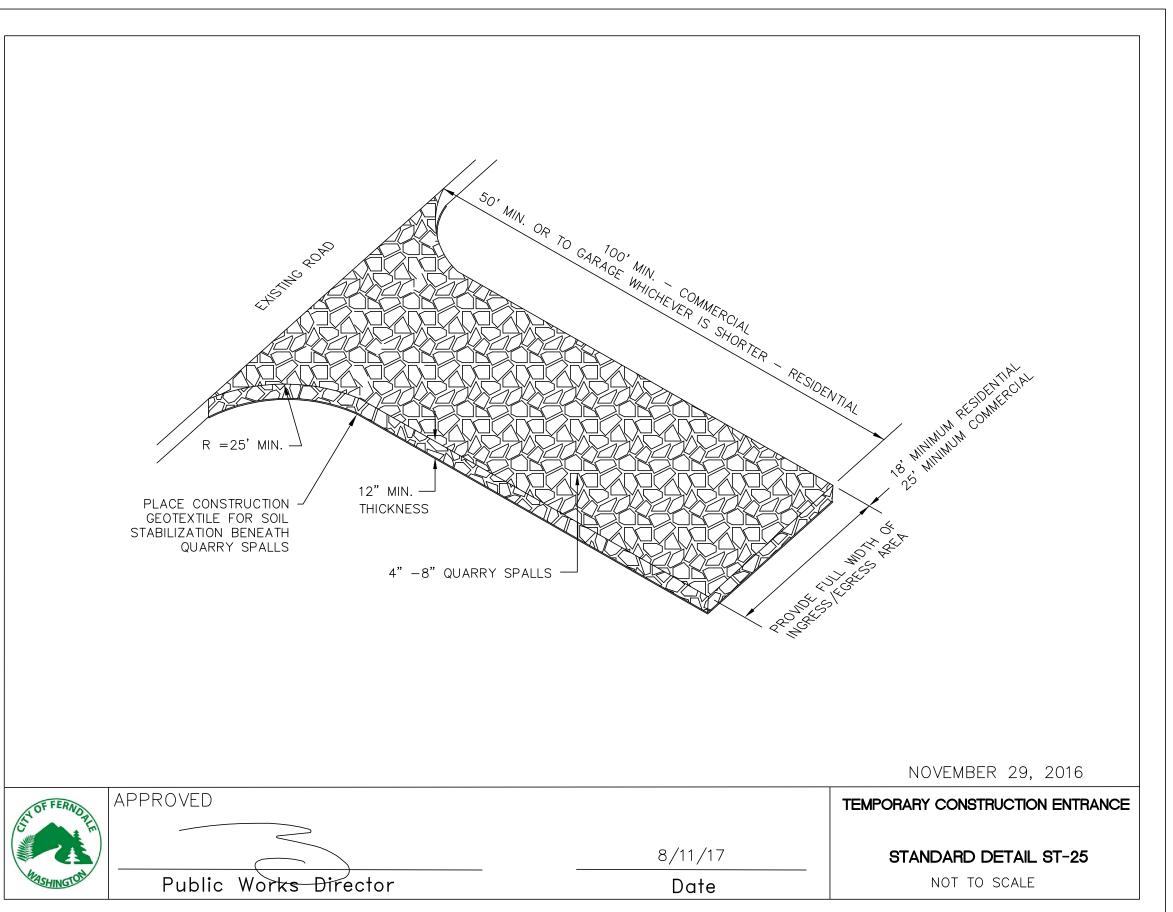
### BMP C160: CERTIFIED EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL LEAD ELEMENT 13: PROTECT LOW IMPACT DEVELOPMENT BMPS

- PROTECT ALL BIORETENTION AND RAIN GARDEN BMPS FROM SEDIMENTATION THROUGH INSTALLATION AND MAINTENANCE OF EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL BMPS ON PORTIONS OF THE SITE THAT DRAIN INTO THE BIORETENTION AND/OR RAIN GARDEN BMPS. RESTORE THE BMPS TO THEIR FULLY FUNCTIONING CONDITION IF THEY ACCUMULATE SEDIMENT DURING CONSTRUCTION. RESTORING THE BMP MUST INCLUDE REMOVAL OF SEDIMENT AND ANY SEDIMENT-LADEN
- BIORETENTION/RAIN GARDEN SOILS, AND REPLACING THE REMOVED SOILS MEETING THE DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS. PREVENT COMPACTING BIORETENTION AND RAIN GARDEN BMPS BY EXCLUDING CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT AND FOOT TRAFFIC. PROTECT COMPLETED LAWN AND LANDSCAPED AREAS FROM COMPACTION DUE TO CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT. • CONTROL EROSION AND AVOID INTRODUCING SEDIMENT FROM SURROUNDING LAND USES ONTO PERMEABLE PAVEMENTS.

DO NOT ALLOW MUDDY CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT ON THE BASE MATERIAL OR PAVEMENT. DO NOT ALLOW

- SEDIMENT-LADEN RUNOFF ONTO PERMEABLE PAVEMENTS OR BASE MATERIALS. • PAVEMENT FOULED WITH SEDIMENTS OR NO LONGER PASSING AN INITIAL INFILTRATION TEST MUST BE CLEANED USING PROCEDURES IN ACCORDANCE WITH THIS MANUAL OR THE MANUFACTURER'S PROCEDURES.
- KEEP ALL HEAVY EQUIPMENT OFF EXISTING SOILS UNDER LID FACILITIES THAT HAVE BEEN EXCAVATED TO FINAL GRADE TO RETAIN THE INFILTRATION RATE OF THE SOILS.

### ADAPTER SKIRT-TRIM TO WITHIN -RETRIEVAL STRAP 3"-5" OF GRATE 1. INSERT SHALL BE INSTALLED PRIOR TO CLEARING & GRADING ACTIVITY, OR UPON PLACEMENT OF A NEW CATCH BASIN. . SEDIMENT SHALL BE REMOVED FROM THE UNIT WHEN IT BECOMES HALF FULL 3. SEDIMENT REMOVAL SHALL BE ACCOMPLISHED BY REMOVING THE INSERT, - OVERFLOW BYPASS FOR EMPTYING, & PEAK STORM VOLUMES RE-INSERTING IT INTO GEOTEXTILE FABRIC -THE CATCH BASIN. SEDIMENT ACCUMULATION INLET PROTECTION



BID SET

RAWN BY PJC CHECKED BY

Reichhardt & Ebe **ENGINEERING INC** 

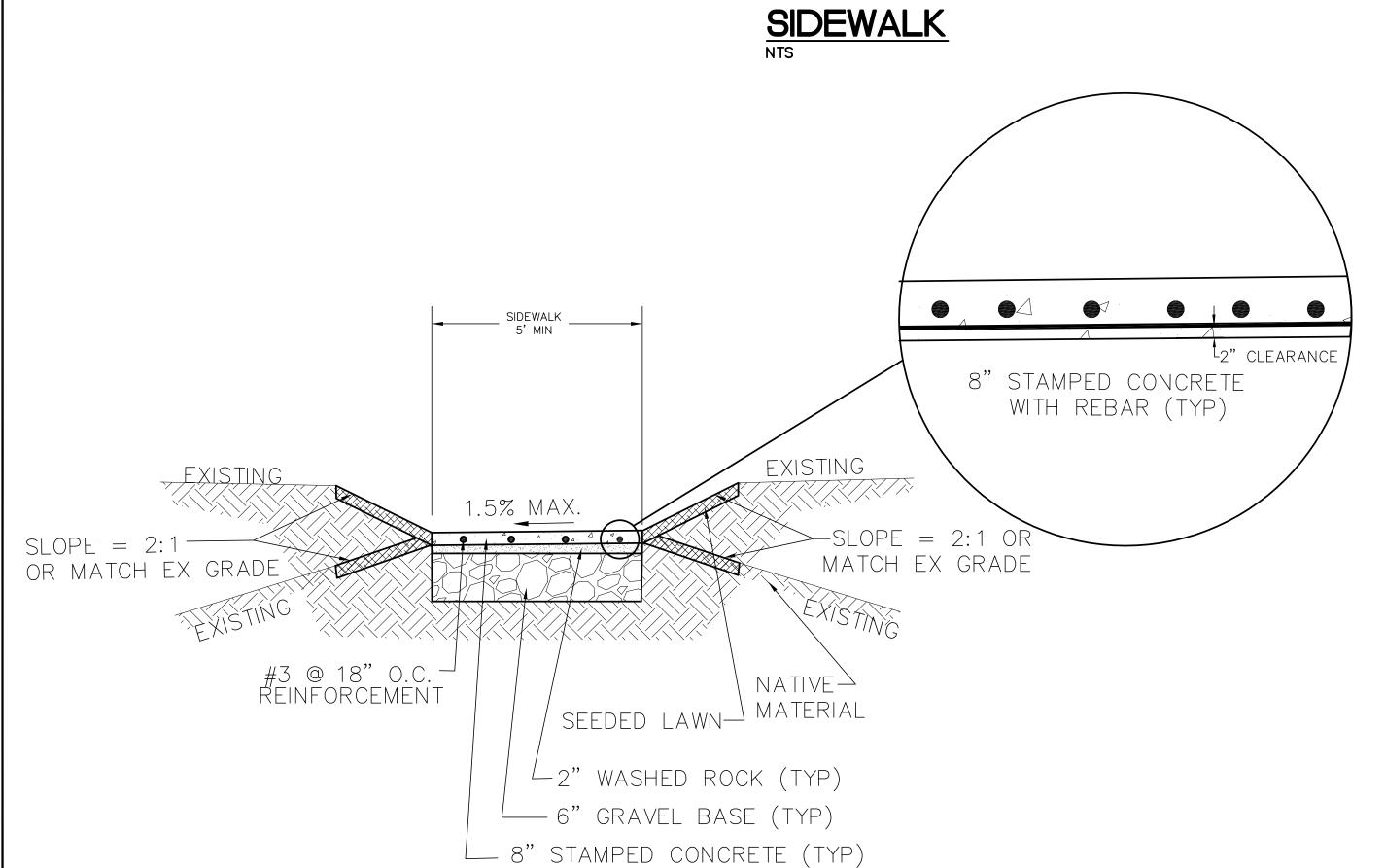
P.O. Box 978 | 423 Front Street, Lynden, WA 98264 (360) 354-3687 813 Metcalf Street, Sedro-Woolley, WA 98284 (360) 855-1713

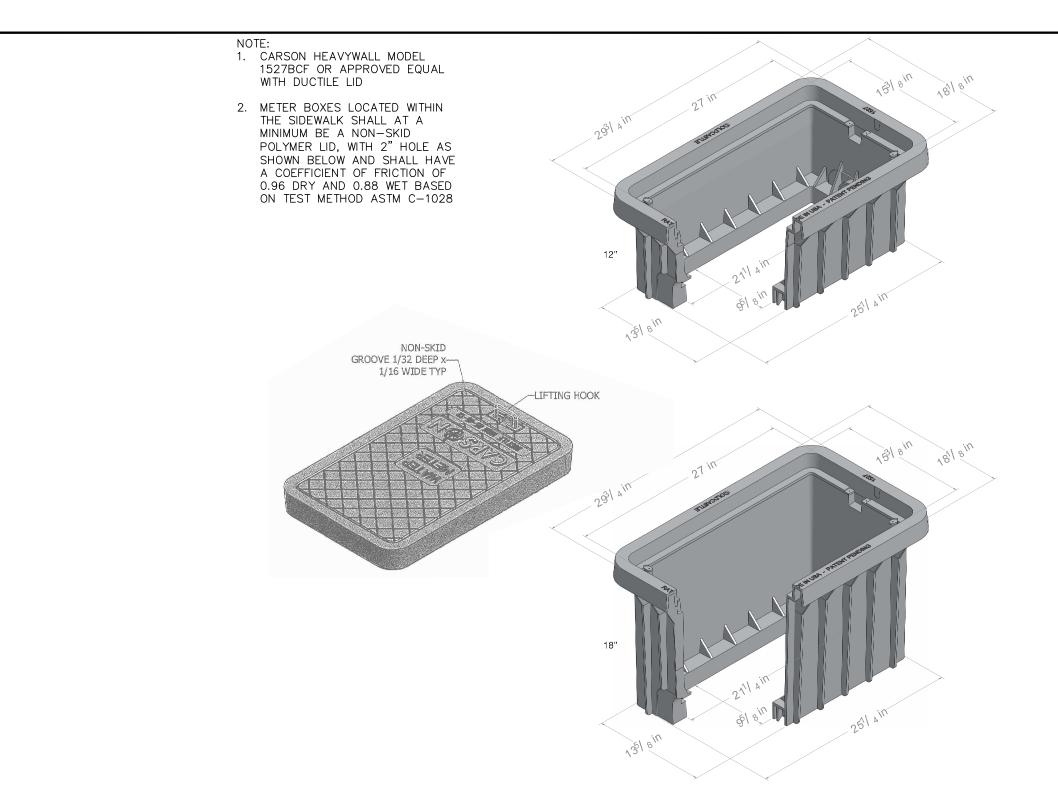
DESCRIPTION

CITY OF FERNDALE 2095 MAIN ST FERNDALE. WA 98248

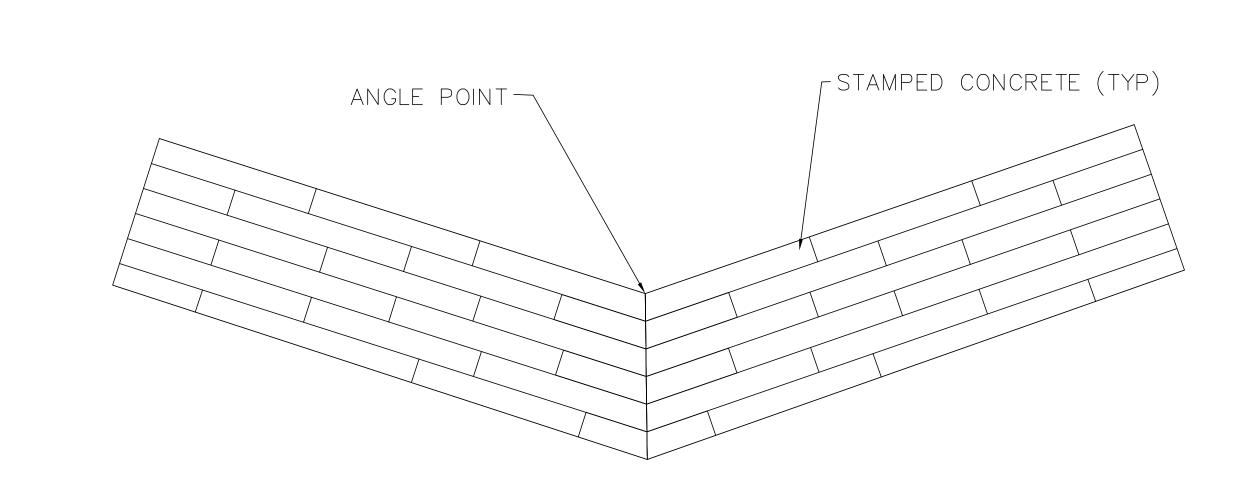
PIONEER PARK SIDEWALK PROJECT SCHEDULE C TESC DETAILS

3 **18007 PROBASE** 6/13/2018 H: **NA** V: NA 18007 of 7





3/4" AND 1" WATER METER BOX



# PROPOSED CONCRETE STAMP PATTERN (TYPICAL)



**BID SET** 

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PROPOSED CONCRETE

DRIVEABLE SECTION

DRAWN BY

CHECKED BY

DESCRIPTION

CITY OF FERNDALE 2095 MAIN ST FERNDALE, WA 98248

PIONEER PARK SIDEWALK PROJECT SCHEDULE C DETAILS

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